

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

VOL. XXX., NO. 246.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1915.

Portsmouth Daily Republican Merged
with THE HERALD July 1, 1902.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

VETERAN MASONS ENJOYING AN OUTING

**Program Embraced Automobile
Trip Over Ocean Boulevard and
Dinner at the Champernowne,
Kittery Point.**

Ideal weather conditions favored the visit of the New Hampshire Society of Veteran Masons to this city and Kittery Point today, the occasion being the annual outing. The members from Concord, Manchester and other places in the interior of the state, arrived here at 9.45 o'clock and on their arrival were met at the Boston and Maine railroad station by automobiles which conveyed the party over the ocean boulevard, through Rye to Little Bear's Head. The return to this city was made in season to take the 11 o'clock car for Hotel Champernowne at Kittery Point. Shortly after the arrival of the party a short business session was held. At one o'clock the party sat down to a most excellent dinner provided by Landlord Horace Mitchell.

The afternoon was given up to sight-seeing. Some of the party enjoyed a trolley trip to York Beach, while others visited the Portsmouth navy yard and inspected the battle-ships and the work shops. The day was an ideal one and all in the party enjoyed the well arranged itinerary as was planned by Albert R. Jenkins of this city.

The party comprised George Cook, Charles E. Parker, Charles A. McIntire, William H. King, A. H. Daggett, George H. Hall, John J. Bartlett, B. F. Baker, Jacob M. Patterson, Harry M. Cheney, H. W. Aldrich, Smith Crowell, Edgar A. Jones, James B. Brown, George Goodwin, Omar Sheppard, Arthur O. Stewart, Charles F. Batchelder, Fred A. Carr, Solon A. Carter, J. Frank Webster, E. H. Brown of Concord; George A. Hackett, Charles P. Porter, W. R. Bartlett, Jacob Morrill, J. Lightbody, J. N. Sanborn, E. C. Paul, J. Bradley Smith, H. L. Hazleton, J. D. Blanchard, Frank A. Lane, William Morgan of Manchester; W. B. Hackett of Elkins; William P. Lang of Tilton; James E. Colburn of Nashua; George F. Russell of Farmington; B. Frank Baker of Suncook; Eugene S.

Head of Hooksett; Abraham Bickford, C. F. Wilson of Potter Place; Frank Hill of Ashland; John A. Lang, Elmer Lang, John A. Lang of Boston; William H. Greenleaf of Nashua; David R. Rogers of Claremont; A. S. Buswell of Epping; Earl Plummer of Milford; Eugene B. French of Frankfort; L. W. Paul of Somersworth; Benjamin P. Webster, Oliver G. Fernald, Albert R. Jenkins, Gustave Poyser, Frank L. Pryor of Portsmouth.

The officers of the association are: Venerable President—Solon A. Carter of Concord.

Venerable Secretary—Harry M. Cheney of Concord.

Venerable Treasurer—Charles F. Batchelder of Concord.

Outing Committee—Albert R. Jenkins of Portsmouth; J. Brodie Smith of Manchester; William H. Greenleaf of Nashua.

The plans and specifications for the new South Mill bridge have been completed by the Public Works Department and are now ready for inspection by contractors. The appropriation for the bridge as allowed by the city is \$1700. The bridge will be of steel and cement construction and the bids for the work will be called for in a short time.

FIRE AT EAST JAFFEY CAUSES LOSS OF \$30,000

East Jaffrey, N. H., July 21.—Fire early today destroyed the main building of the Granite State Tack works here, causing a loss of \$30,000, and threw 40 employees out of work.

STRIKERS AND POLICEMEN BATTLE

**One Man Killed, Eight Shot and Many
Badly Wounded in Pitched Battle
at Bayonne**

(Special to The Herald)

Bayonne, N. J., July 21.—One man was killed, eight shot and many badly injured by heavy cobblestones today in a pitched battle between 1500 Standard Oil Company strikers and 140 policemen and special deputies in front of the Tide-water Oil Company plant here.

Five hundred shots were fired and the police officers were being overcome when eight fire engines of the Bayonne department responded to the riot call and dispersed the army of strikers with heavy streams of water.

Police Inspector Cody had a horse shot from under him. Six policemen were beaten unconscious and scores of others were struck by clubs or flying stones. Two saloons and many frame houses were practically wrecked. More trouble is expected.

AUSTRIAN SUBMARINE DESTROYED

(Special to The Herald)
Milan, July 21.—A local newspaper announced today that the Austrian submarine which sank the Italian cruiser Amalfi, has in turn been destroyed by an Italian submarine in the Adriatic.

SENT TO RUSSIA ON IMPORTANT MISSION

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, July 21.—William Warfield of Baltimore, nephew of ex-Governor S. Davies Warfield of Maryland, has been sent to Russia on a confidential mission by the American state department. He will sail Saturday.

MINERS RETURN TO WORK

(Special to The Herald)
Cardiff, Wales, July 21.—More than 8,000 miners returned to work in the South Wales coal fields today without waiting for their federation's official endorsement of the strike settlement effected yesterday through Minister of Munitions David Lloyd George. By Thursday night it is expected that all the strikers will be back at work again.

VERY LITTLE HOPE FOR BECKER

(Special to The Herald)
New York, July 21.—Attorney for Charles Becker, doomed to die in the electric chair next Wednesday for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, today had faint hope that Governor Whitman would grant him official clemency. It is known preparations are already under way at Sing Sing for the execution of Becker, and his faithful wife was said to have little hope that Becker's long statement would save him.

ALLIES HAVE RESUMED OFFENSIVE

(Special to The Herald)
Mylene, via Athens, July 21.—Reinforced by fresh troops brought from England by the liner Franconia and other transports, the Allies are reported to have resumed their general offensive against the Germans on Gallipoli peninsula. The battle is raging with extraordinary intensity according to advices received here. Unofficial reports are to the effect that during the last week 50,000 more French and British soldiers have reached the Dardanelles.

HAD PRACTICE AT FORT
The members of the First Company, Coast Artillery Corps, under command of Captain C. P. Bodwell went to Fort Stark on Tuesday evening and indulged in practice with the big guns. An interested spectator was Adjutant General Charles H. Howard who was the guest of Major C. R. Hoyt.

FALL OF WARSAW SOON EXPECTED

**The Kaiser and Empress Will Head
Troops When They Make Their
Solemn Entry Into City.**

(Special to The Herald)
Berlin, July 21.—The mighty battle between the Austro-German army and the Russian army for the possession of Warsaw is now in its decisive stage and the Teutonic troops are confident that they will take the Polish capital within the next fortnight, and they are now making preparations for their triumphant entry into the city.

Emperor William is now on the eastern front, where he is assisting in the direction of three gigantic armies. The Empress has been invited to leave on Friday for Posen where she will be met by the Kaiser. Together they will ride at the head of the Germanic army as they make their solemn entry into Warsaw, should the city fall soon. Surging forward with irresistible force, the three armies that are taking part in the Warsaw drive, are breaking down one by one the barriers defending the Polish capital.

(Special to The Herald)
Petrograd, July 21.—Emperor Nicholas has gone to the front in Poland, it was officially announced today. The departure of the Czar at this time is believed to indicate that the Russian general staff regards the conflict now being waged, as the climax of the campaign. Previous visits of the Czar to the front have been affected by a sudden effective offensive by his troops, and the military experts here look for a new and unexpected turn in the strife that will assist the German efforts to capture Warsaw.

Read the Want Ads.

BECKER'S STORY CORROBORATED BY APPELBAUM

(Special to The Herald)
New York, July 21.—The story written by Charles Becker in the death house at Sing Sing in an attempt to escape death in the electric chair for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, was corroborated in many respects by Harry Applebaum, former secretary to "Big Tim" Sullivan, whom Becker named in his long statement. Applebaum further asserted that he would help the contending ex-tenant of police to obtain clemency of a new trial.

Col. A. F. Howard and Mrs. Howard are making a tour of Maine.

DAINTY
DELICATE
DESIRABLE

NOVELTIES

FADS AND
FANCIES OF
THE HOUR

Something New—GRETCHEN ART HANDMADE NOVELTIES—Dried Rose Leaves, Candles, Worsted Dolls, Fancy Tiles, Candlesticks and Bedroom Sets 25c to \$2.50

Fir Balsam Bags, filled with balsam fresh from the Maine woods. 50c

Porch Table Covers. 59c to \$1.50

Paper Mache Cups. 10c doz.

Picnic Plates. 5c doz.

Japanese Art Toweling. 10-15c yd.

Wicker Trays, glass covered, cretonne bottoms 50c to \$1.25

Cake and Bonbon Boxes, cretonne covered 50c to 98c

Crepe Paper Luncheon Sets. 50c

Fancy Dinner Favors. 98c doz.

BOOKS

LATEST FICTION AT OUR BOOK COUNTER

"Thankful's Inheritance," by Joseph Lincoln \$1.35

"A Far Country," by Winston Churchill \$1.50

"The Splendid Chance," by Mary H. Bradley \$1.30

"Light of Western Stars," by Zane Grey \$1.35

"Jaffrey," by William J. Locke. . . \$1.35

"The Landloper," by Holman Day \$1.35

"Hepsey Burke, (a Sister to David Harum)," by Frank Wescott, \$1.35

"Miracle of Love," by Cosmo Hamilton \$1.25

Geo. B. French Co

Owing to the great rush Tuesday we were unable to call your attention to the many other wonderful bargains which we could not display. Our enormous success gives us more room to display these and tend to you more promptly.

M. SIEGEL & CO. carried a large line of fur coats, fur scarfs, muffs, and winter garments, which we intended to place on sale next week. These will go on sale Thursday Morning, July 22, instead. Don't forget.

GOODMAN BROS.,

57 Market Street.

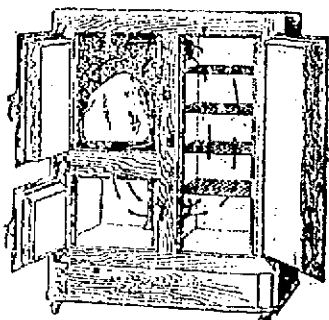
Sheets, Bed Spreads, Pillow Slips, Towels, Comforters

Bleached Sheets, single 3-4 and full size. 50c up
Pillow Slips, all sizes. 10c, 12½c, 15c, to 25c each
Hemmed Bed Spreads. 59c to \$3.50
Fringed Bed Spreads. \$1.00 to \$3.50
Comforters, filled with good clean batting, special \$1.00

L. E. STAPLES

MARKET STREET

Grand Rapids Refrigerators



LEONARD
CLEANABLE

Like a white china dish. No other refrigerator made that has so many good points, and is so well liked by the people who use them. We have a complete line of refrigerators of all kinds, ranging in price from

8.50 to \$50.00

McIntosh's Furniture Store
Cor. FLEET AND CONGRESS STREETS

CHAMPIONS AGAIN LEAD THE LEAGUE

P. A. C. Defeated the Morley Button Company 2 to 1 in Fast Game Last Evening

In a fast game last evening the P. A. C. defeated the Morley Button Company, 2 to 1, and climbed into the lead, pushing the Morley Button team back into third place. The game was a battle royal, if there ever was one, it being one of the hardest fought games that has been played on the field this season.

The first run of the game was made in the first inning, and was one of the cheapest runs made for some time, coming as it did on three errors, one by Pilgrim allowing Leary to reach first on his grounder, an overthrow of second to prevent him stealing, and then Bennett gave the ball out into center field to get him napping. This allowed the runner to camp at the third station. A passed ball put the finishing touches on the works, and Leary trotted across the rubber for one white mark on the score-board. The war was on in earnest then. In the fourth inning Tommie Pilgrimage was the first man up, and landed safe at first through an error. He advanced to second on a sacrifice. The next man up hit in front of the plate, R. Brackett getting the ball and heaving it to third as Tommie attempted to reach the goal. The umpire declared him out by a mile, but Tommie put up a howl that could be heard as far as the spectators, but he was out just the same. The run of the Morley Button Company came in that inning, the base-runner scoring from second on a hit.

That tied the score and the P. A. C. butters were unable to do anything in their half of the inning. The winning run came in the last half of the fifth with two men out, scored on an error and two hits, the scoring hit being made by Ralph Brackett. The only extra base hit was made by Newick, for two bases in the first, but there was no one ahead of him and the next man made the third out.

The Game
1st Inning—Pilgrim was out on a fly to Howard in left. Able singled to center. McDonald fanned. Able was out at second attempting to slide. R. Brackett to W. Brackett. No runs.

R. Brackett hit a fly in right in left. W. Brackett filed out to Bryan in center. Leary was safe at first on Pilgrim's error and took second. As Leary was traveling along to second, Huntton recovered the ball and pegged it over the base man's head. Bennett turned and threw wild over second to catch the runner napping, and he went to third. Then Barratt lost a pitched ball and Leary tallied. Newick hit to left for two bases. Lynskey hit along the base line to Huntton and was out at first. One run.

2d Inning—Huntton and Bennett were both thrown out at first by W. Brackett on hard grounders. Moser hit to Harrington for a change and was treated the same way. No runs.

Howard was fanned. C. Brackett was out on a foul fly to Huntton at first. Bates gathered in Woods' long fly to left. No runs.

3d Inning—Bryan grounded out, C. Brackett to Newick. Bates was out when Billy Woods made a beautiful running catch of a hard hit fly to right. Barratt was out at first on a hard grounder, W. Brackett to Newick. No runs.

Harrington and R. Brackett each hit filed to Bates in left and were out. W. Brackett learned how it felt to be thrown out at first by the shortstop, Moser to Huntton. No runs.

4th Inning—Pilgrim was safe at first on an error by Harrington, who fumbled his hard hit grounder. Able made a pretty sacrifice and was out at first. Leary was out on a hard fly to center. McDonald hit in front of the pin and was safe at first. R. Brackett recovering the ball and winging it to

C. Brackett at third, getting Pilgrim. McDonald stole second. Huntton hit to center for a single, McDonald scoring with the tying run. The hit was good for three bases, but Lynskey made a hard try and stopped it. Bennett was out at first, C. Brackett to Newick. One run.

Leary was out on a hard fly to center, Bryan making a fine catch. McDonald captured Newick's fly after a hard run. Lynskey was fanned. No runs.

5th Inning—Lynskey made a great catch off Moser in center. Bryan was thrown out at first. Harrington to Newick. Bates dropped one into the Howard "well" in left and was out. No runs.

Howard was out at first, Moser to Huntton. C. Brackett was thrown out to Huntton at first by Pilgrim. Woods reached first on an error by Moser, who fumbled his hard hit grounder. Harrington came through with a hit to center, advancing Woods to second. R. Brackett fanned at two and then connected with one with the trade mark up, and hit it out to center. Woods trotting down the home stretch with the big one. One run.

The summary:

P. A. C.									
R. Brackett, c	3	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
W. Brackett, s.s.	2	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0
Leary, p	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Newick, 1b	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lynskey, c.f.	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Howard, l.f.	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
C. Brackett, 3b	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Woods, r.f.	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Harrington, 2b	2	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0
Totals	19	2	3	15	10	1	0	0	0

M. B. CO.									
Pilgrim, 3b	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Able, r.f.	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
McDonald, 2b	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Huntton, 1b	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bennett, p	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Moser, s.s.	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
Bryan, c.f.	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Mates, l.f.	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Barratt, c	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	16	1	2	14	3	4	0	0	0

Two out when winning run was made.
Two base hit—Newick. Sacrifice hit—Able. Stolen base—McDonald. Struck out—By Leary 1, by Bennett 2. Left on bases—P. A. C. 2, M. B. C. 1. Passed ball—Barratt. Time, 55m. Umpires, Barker and Woods. Attendance, 3100.

SUNSET LEAGUE STANDING

	G.	W.	L.	P.C.
P. A. C.	12	8	4	.667
Y. M. C. A.	11	7	4	.636
M. B. Co.	12	7	5	.583
K. of C.	13	7	6	.562
C. C. Co.	11	4	7	.364
Marines	11	2	9	.182

YORK BEACH WON, 3 TO 2

Kennebunk Beach was the team to go down to defeat yesterday afternoon at the hands of the fast York Beach nine, in the time of 3 to 2, the winning run coming in the last of the tenth inning. After being out of the game for a week because of a severe sprain wound, C. McKenna of Wallham returned to the game just long enough to go to bat as a pinch hitter, and make the single that scored Ralph Brackett with the old tally.

Maxwell and Winter excelled for the visitors, while a sensational catch by Simpson of Colby, and the all-round work of Asa McKenna featured for the York Beach boys.

The summary:

YORK BEACH

	W.	L.	P.C.
W. Brackett, s.s.	0	3	1

EVERS EXONERATED OF CHARGE THAT HE DECLARED RACE FOR PENNANT WAS "FIXED."



JOHNNY EVER'S

President Tener of the National League said that he found nothing to substantiate published reports that Captain Evers of the Boston Braves had charged that the National League race had been "fixed." President Tener made the following statement: "My attention was attracted to an al-

leged statement by Captain Evers during the game between Boston and St. Louis recently that the race had been "fixed," and in account of the great publicity which this statement was given I decided to make inquiries. Neither Umpire Higley nor Hart told me that Evers said they had been instructed to give St. Louis the benefit

of these decisions in order to make the race close. There were no charges made against Evers to me. Baseball is so firmly established that no one except some person wholly ignorant or with a corrupt mind would credit any such statement as Evers was alleged to have made."

	W.	L.	P.C.
Simpson, c.f.	0	2	0
Duffy, 3b	1	1	1
A. McKenna, 1b	2	10	0
R. Brackett, 2b	1	2	0
O'Connor, c	0	10	1
Thornton, r.f.	0	1	0
Ellis, l.f.	0	1	0
Butchold, p	0	0	2
A. C. McKenna	1	0	0
Totals	5	30	3

Two out when winning run was made.

Two base hit—Newick. Sacrifice hit—Able. Stolen base—McDonald. Struck out—By Leary 1, by Bennett 2. Left on bases—P. A. C. 2, M. B. C. 1. Passed ball—Barratt. Time, 55m. Umpires, Barker and Woods. Attendance, 3100.

a Batted for Thornton in the 10th.

KENNEBUNK

	W.	L.	P.C.
Cole, 2b	1	2	0
Barber, l.f.	0	0	0
Winter, s.s.	0	3	0
Maxwell, c.f.	2	1	1
Dayis, 3b	1	2	1
Towne, c	1	10	2
Smith, 1b	0	10	1
Thombl, r.f.	1	0	0
Morser, p	0	1	1
Totals	6	29	11

Two out when winning run was made.

Runs made by—Simpson, A. McKenna, R. Brackett, Cole, Maxwell. Home run—Maxwell. Sacrifice hit—Barker. Stolen bases—Simpson, A. McKenna 2, R. Brackett 2, Butchold, Winter. Base on balls—Off Butchold, off Morser. Struck out—By Morser 3, by Butchold 8. Doubles—Maxwell and Smith. Wild pitch—Morser. Time, 1h. 45m. Umpire, Smith.

Maxwell and Winter excelled for the visitors, while a sensational catch by Simpson of Colby, and the all-round work of Asa McKenna featured for the York Beach boys.

The summary:

YORK BEACH

	W.	L.	P.C.
W. Brackett, s.s.	0	3	1

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

W. Brackett, s.s.

WITH THE SPORTS

New York, July 19.—Jack Curley and friends, who promoted the Johnson-Willard affair, seem to be suffering a cruel, cruel disappointment through their inability to get the fight pictures into the U. S. A. so that they can be shown for the purpose of enriching the Curley outfit.

A net profit of at least \$100,000 would be realized. If those pictures could be shown in this country, but there is little likelihood of their being shown for some years to come. Curley and friends figured it would be comparatively easy to bring in the pictures if Willard won, but their calculations have been wrong—quite wrong.

Several customs officials who were confronted with a set of the pictures demanding admission to the United States, promptly turned down the demand. The Curley crowd appealed to the courts to restrain the post officials from barring the pictures, but the judicial folks promptly backed up the customs men.

The Curley outfit was extremely confident that if Willard won from Johnson they wouldn't have much trouble in landing a knockout on the law that bars importation prize fight pictures, and prohibits interstate trafficking in them. But the guardians of said law seem to be successfully guarding it from the swings of the Curley crowd.

The law was passed in 1910, almost immediately after Jack Johnson and Jim Jeffries out at Reno. The primary purpose of the law was to prevent possible race riots through the showing of those pictures in various parts of the country where there is constant friction between whites and negroes.

Charles White is what one might call a junior league pugilist. Against second rate pug, the Chicagoan shows up like the eighth wonder of pugilism, like the greatest puncher since the days when Terry McGovern was banging 'em dead with one or two swells. But White, when up against a first class biter, seems to be minus all his punching power and his usual aggressiveness.

White recently has had two chances against Freddie Welsh and both times he fumbled. He outpointed Welsh in both rounds—but that brought him nothing. Both bouts were no-decision affairs. To win, White had to get home his so-called "mighty left"—and he failed.

White, in his last meeting with Welsh, disappointed his followers. Welsh isn't the man he used to be. White is supposed to be at the crest of his career. White met Welsh after he had piled up a record of six straight victories via the knockout route. He

was in perfect physical condition—and Welsh wasn't the same Welsh of two or three years ago.

Yet through 30 minutes of battling White couldn't get his left swing home. He hit Welsh—and hit him often—but his punches seemed to lack the crashing power they seemed to have against the second raters.

Will somebody pay King Solomon, please? Here is something for him to figure out:

If some American lightweight other than Willie Ritchie scores a knockout victory over Freddie Welsh, what will be the status of the said William Ritchie, provided that no one beats him up in the meantime?

Welsh is the lightweight champion of the world and Ritchie is the lightweight champion of the United States. As we interpret the rules, a champion is a champion until he is beaten. Therefore Ritchie is entitled to the American championship until someone beats him over the decision route.

However, should some American, other than Ritchie, knockout Welsh, he'd claim the championship of the entire world, wouldn't he? And the world, according to geographies and things like that includes the United States. The conqueror of Welsh would claim he's a better man than Ritchie because he beat the man who beat Ritchie.

But Ritchie, on the other hand, would contend that he is still champion of the United States because no American pugilist has beaten him.

How do you "dope" this out, Solomon?

BASE BALL

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Boston 3, Chicago 0.
New York 1, St. Louis 2, 4th inning.
Philadelphia 5, Detroit 6.
Washington 5, Cleveland 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Cincinnati 2, Boston 5.
Pittsburgh 6, Brooklyn 2.
St. Louis 3, New York 1.
Chicago 5, Philadelphia 5.

SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY HAS MEETING

A meeting of the Board of Governors of the Seamen's Friend Society was held yesterday afternoon at the home on State street, C. W. Bass, president, presiding. Plans were discussed regarding the building of the new home or club in this city for the enlisted men of the navy, and the question of its site was further discussed.

It was reported that the funds for the project were still coming in, but that a great deal more is still needed. For best results try a Want Ad.

PORTSMOUTH SCHOOLS MADE GREAT GAINS

2,100 Pupils Will Begin Work in September--Important Meeting of Board Last Evening

At the regular meeting of the Board of Instruction of the Public Schools for the city of Portsmouth, held last evening, the board received and accepted the resignations of three of the teaching staff of the High School. Mr. Stanier leaves Portsmouth to take up a position in the staff of the University of Colorado; Paul S. Nickerson has been elected an instructor in English in the Wellesley (Mass.) High School, and Miss May C. Martin will be connected with the Domestic Science department of the Salem, Mass., schools.

Two new teachers were elected by the board: Miss Hazel D. Shields, a graduate of the Salem, Mass., training school and Franklin M. Davis of Medford, Mass., who has been teaching in the Malden, Mass., schools for the past two years. Miss Shields will be connected with the business course at the Portsmouth High School, and Mr. Davis, who is a graduate of the Boston Sloyd School, will act as instructor in the Manual Arts course.

The rule of the board relative to teachers being prohibited from giving private instruction to pupils was amended so as to allow teachers to give private instruction to others than pupils in their own classes, but only through vacation periods.

The annual statistical report to the State Board of Education was presented and shows a wonderful growth in the number of pupils in the Portsmouth schools. The total number of pupils enrolled in the schools for the year of 1914-1915 was 2100, the average for the year in enrollment was 2016, and the average attendance was 1993 pupils, or 94.1 per cent. of the number enrolled. These figures are the highest in the history of Portsmouth's schools since these averages were recorded. In the year of 1913-1914 the percentage being somewhat lower, 93.43.

In the elementary grades, including all grades below the High School, there were 1492 children for the last year, as against 1404 in 1913-1914, and 1312 in the year previous.

Mr. Pringle, the superintendent, stated that there were over 160 pupils

who have already signified their intentions of entering the freshman class of the High School when the fall term opens. This will bring the total High School enrollment up to about 450. In all, Mr. Pringle stated, there would be over 2100 pupils in school in September in Portsmouth. He said that there was no danger of the schools being crowded as the department had accommodations for over 2200.

The committee on the Lafayette School reported that up to date the school had cost the city in land, building and maintenance, \$36,006.69 and that the entire sum had been paid out of current funds, no bond issue being necessary. Mayor Yeaton was very pleased at this condition and feels that the city should be proud that it is so. The Lafayette School is a modern building in every respect and has relieved that congestion which would have been found if it had not been built.

The report of Supt. Pringle to the board on reorganization was referred to a special committee to be investigated along the lines suggested in the report, and to be reported back to the board at the September meeting.

The committee on purchases passed favorably on several purchases necessary in the High School, commercial department and the committee on school houses granted the necessary authority to carry out the repairs to the buildings within the appropriation. After the regular meeting the committee on redistricting held a short meeting to discuss the redistricting of the city in such a way that the pupils might go to the nearest schools without overcrowding any of them.

The report of the expenditures in the school department for the month of June is as follows:

Expenses of General Control	
Clerk,	\$ 60.00
Treasurer,	53.33
General Office Expenses,	28.70
Total,	\$ 142.03

Expenses of Instruction.	
Salaries, Teachers and Supt.,	\$4465.46
Text Books,	40.50
Pupils' Supplies,	59.27

Other Expenses of Instruction,	227.37
Total,	\$4735.90
Expenses of Operation of Plant	
Salaries of Janitors,	\$ 455.00
Fuel,	1123.39
Water,	21.65
Light and Power,	19.74
Janitors' Supplies,	69.10
Total,	\$3879.08
Expenses of Maintenance.	
Building Repairs,	\$ 42.45
Equipment Repairs,	8.68
Total,	\$ 51.16
Outlays.	
New Equipment,	\$ 19.69
Total,	\$883.86

The members of the board present at the meeting last evening were Mayor Harry H. Yeaton, presiding officer; Rev. Alfred Gooding, Ida P. Bennett, E. W. Hartford, Charles E. Hodgdon, Frank W. Knight, George W. McCarthy, Lucius H. Thayer, Mrs. Mary I. Wood, and James N. Pringle, superintendent and secretary of the board.

NOTHING DOING AT ROUNDTREES

The Newburyport police made another attempt Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock to round up William Roundtree, colored, whom they suspected of selling liquor, and they made an unexpected call at his home on Pike street. Although a thorough search was made in every nook and corner of the mansion, not a single drop of the intoxicating beverage was found. The raiding party consisted of Assistant Marshal Murphy, Officers Ayers, Hayes and Adams.

William Roundtree and his family formerly lived here in Portsmouth and they kept the local police department on the jump all the time. They have been playing in luck lately in their new home, having been raided twice in a week and the officers finding nothing.

HOODLUMS IN PARK

In regard to Goodwin Park on the question of keeping it in good condition, that should be done. But it should also be kept in good order. The hoodlums that step in the park late at night should be kept out.

This hoodlum at people as they pass by the park and pass up State street should be stopped. I would suggest that a special officer be placed in the park to preserve order.

Portsmouth, July 20.

Iron. Calvin Page is on a business trip to New York.

EYE WITNESS DESCRIBES AIR BOMBARDMENT

New York, July 20.—An American traveler who has just returned to New York and who chanced to be in Venice at the time of the declaration of war by Italy upon Austria, tells the following story of happenings which he witnessed:

Some little time before the actual declaration of war it was very evident that the event was imminent. The authorities were busy preparing in every possible way to safeguard treasures of art. The wonderful Quadriga over the great central door of St. Mark's was taken down and carried away to some place of safety on the mainland. The whole facade of the church underwent a great change, being entirely covered by scaffolding, braces and sand bags, the latter piled thirty feet high. The Doges Palace was similarly treated and in addition each of the hundred arches which hold up the famous balcony received the support of a pylon of brick, six feet square.

All movable objects of art, paintings, sculptures, and so forth, were removed from the museums and churches and taken away to some city in the south.

On the Campanile, the highest structure in the city, on the roof of the Dogana, and on the tops of many of the highest palaces, platforms were erected, on which anti-aircraft guns of the latest design were stationed. The Campanile, in addition to the guns, had a specially constructed bomb throwing mortar. This ejects huge illuminating bombs a thousand yards into the air, which they burst and float for a quarter of an hour or more, lighting up the surroundings with a magnesium glare of tremendous intensity.

Lights were ordered out at eight o'clock in the evening and the streets cleared of every living soul at nine. Warning of the approach of hostile air-craft was to be given by the screeching of the huge siren at the Government Arsenal.

Immediately on the declaration of war, all foreigners residing in Venice—as in all other cities in Italy—were required to report to the police. If their passports were in order, they received formal permission to remain. I was warned to be careful on the streets, for the populace was obsessed with the spy craze and several innocent foreigners had been attacked and beaten. Stories of spies caught giving poisoned candy to children on the streets and of German and Austrian women who had remained in the city ready to signal the hostile air-craft had added to the excitement and the once peaceful Venetians had completely lost their heads.

Scarcely had war begun when it was my fortune to witness a truly thrilling night attack by Austrian aeroplanes. I was out on the Grand Canal in a gondola with some American friends when we noticed a sudden activity in the watch towers. Men were shouting from one to another. We suspected something unusual was about to occur and immediately headed back for our hotel.

Scarcely had we arrived there when the unearthly screech of the Arsenal siren verified our suspicions. An air attack was about to take place. As the shriek of the siren gradually died away, the buzz of an aeroplane engine, like the droning of a monster bee, became audible.

The siren burst forth again and at the same moment, with a deafening crash the great mortar on the Campanile shot its first illuminating bomb into the air. Regarded as fireworks it was a wonderful spectacle, but in competition with the light of the full moon, which shone in an absolutely cloudless sky, it was not of very much effect in revealing the whereabouts of the flying enemy.

By the time the hum of the aeroplane's motor announced that the machine had reached the lower end of the city, though it was still invisible. Suddenly there was a tremendous explosion. A huge column of water at the mouth of the Grand Canal sprang a hundred feet into the air. Buildings shook for a radius of half a mile. It was the enemy's first bomb—evidently a monster—and had been intended for the Custom House.

I was watching the spectacle from the steps of one of the hotels facing the Grand Canal, nearly opposite the Custom House. So great was the force of the bomb that the wash produced by it came clear across the Canal itself, splashed up the hotel steps and wet me to the knees where I was standing on the topmost one.

As if this had been the signal, with one crash every gun in the city opened fire. To us the machine still remained invisible—in fact, we did not see it at all, but judging from the terrible bombardment and the hursting of hundreds of shrapnel all about one spot in the sky, a most beautiful sight in the moonlight, the gunners must have located it.

A moment afterward an Englishman who was standing next me exclaimed, "Look! Is it raining?" The waters of the Canal were lashed as if by huge raindrops. I thought it must be the bullets fired at the machine, which was now just over our heads, falling back into the water, but the next day we found the peculiar sight was caused by bundles of those little steel arrows which have already been launched on the battlefields of France and Belgium. Numbers of them were found sticking into the sides of the gaily painted wooden piles to which the gondolas are moored and which are so characteristic a feature of Venice.

Each was marked "Invented in France, Used in Germany."

The machine continued on, circled over the city and returned, accompanied on the whole journey by the ear-splitting bombardment. As it passed over the Arsenal on its way back, it appeared to unload its whole stock of bombs at once, for there was a series of terrible explosions. A huge shower of sparks sprang into the air, lighting up the sky with an unearthly glare.

Firing from the roofs gradually ceased and we thought the raid was over, but again the warning shriek came from the Arsenal and the roofs broke out into life once more. The second machine passed over the city along the same route without dropping a single bomb, traveling in a hall of shrapnel all the way. In the meantime a few small clouds had drifted across the heaven.

As long as the machine remained in the full moonlight it was invisible, but as it passed under the clouds we caught sight of it gliding unconcernedly along a black space against space.

Like the first machine, this one headed back for the Arsenal when the aviators seemed to drop their entire stock of bombs. A series of terrible explosions, more intense than the first, took place again lighting the sky and throwing great burning flames high into the air. From all directions fire-bombs and cutters steamed past at full speed toward the Arsenal, where several small fires had broken out. Their powerful streams made short work of the flames.

The extent of the damage done, as far as I could find out, was the smashing to smithereens of three houses, near the Arsenal. Two men were killed here and a baby was found the next morning, peacefully sleeping, and untirily unharmed among the ruins. A naval tug, moored in the basin of the Arsenal, was struck and two men, one officer and one sailor, killed. Two or three small fires of no importance and immediately extinguished, were set in the Arsenal itself.

The next morning, with all the other curious people of the city, I went to see the smashed houses, which were surrounded by cordons of troops. While I was there the usual cry of "Spy! Spy!" arose. The police arrested five persons, three men, one woman and one boy of ten or twelve years. Two of the men were disguised as women. It was a dramatic moment when the police tore off their wigs and clothes and revealed the fact that they were men.

Immediately the crowd broke out in a hoarse roar of anger. Knives were brandished and it was only with the greatest difficulty that the police and troops prevented the mob from finishing them on the spot. The three men turned out to be Austrians and the woman, the mother of the little boy, was identified as a former maid at the German Consulate in Venice.

In the morning we also learned that the engine of the second aeroplane had been so damaged by the gun fire that the machine was forced to come down in the Public Garden at the extreme north end of the city, near the Arsenal.

On landing it struck a tree. The pilot was thrown out and had both legs broken, but the officer accompanying him was uninjured. He was immediately arrested and discovered to be a renegade Venetian, from a very prominent family of the city. He formerly had been an officer in the Italian navy and stationed for several years at the Venice Arsenal. Through a fast life in the navy he got deeply in debt, resigned from the service and went to Germany, where he engaged in business.

With the outbreak of war he enlisted in the German flying corps, and his invaluable knowledge of Venice caused him at once to be detailed as observer attached to the Austrian air fleet designed to attack the city.

Within an hour after his capture he was court-martialed and shot as a traitor to his country. Before his death he begged the officer in command of the shooting squad to notice that he had strictly followed his orders, made no attempt to destroy life or art treasures in the city itself and simply dropped bombs upon the Arsenal.

DEMENTIA AMERICANA

In a country of a hundred millions of people so diversified in type and so heterogeneous of temperament, it is not to be expected that each one of us be blessed with a sober mind and a clear intellect. Indeed, it is not surprising that many of our neighbors should at various times manifest, individually or collectively, symptoms of feeble-mindedness. There are those who admire Bryan, those who read Harper's Weekly and even those who fail to appreciate the eminence of Ty Cobb.

Idiosyncrasies, whether arising from a cherished ignorance or a stubborn refusal to turn of thought, are pardonable in the individual. Idioty in the mass is forcing, which was now just over our heads, falling back into the water, but the next day we found the peculiar sight was caused by bundles of those little steel arrows which have already been launched on the battlefields of France and Belgium. Numbers of them were found sticking into the sides of the gaily painted wooden piles to which the gondolas are moored and which are so characteristic a feature of Venice.

ENGLISH PEERS ARE PROVING THEIR WORTH

London, July 21.—The war has leveled all classes in England from duke to commoner. Never has the democratic idea of the American permeated to such a degree what is, after all, the most autocratic of all nations.

But the war has completely changed the outlook for everything. It is little more than twelve months ago that Lloyd George was jibbering at the peers for the futility of their existence and as the most unproductive class in the community.

Now the views of the Minister of Munitions, like those of all other prominent commoners in Parliament, have received a check, for the noble houses of England have completely justified their ability to uphold the great traditions of their past.

France and Flanders, Africa and the Dardanelles have leveled an extremely heavy toll on the peers and the heirs of the peers. But it is not only in the field that the noble lords have won undying fame. On the domestic side of the great campaign they have not been found wanting.

For instance, a peer is working in a munition factory at 14 cents an hour. Other lords are directing great ammunition and armament work, railroad transport and great shipping companies, while a baronet and at least one peer—the Earl of Crawford—have enlisted as privates.

The number of men of aristocratic birth who have served, or are serving in the trenches, will, probably, never be known. But some idea of the service which the House of Peers is rendering the state may be gained by the fact that already in this war, five peers and 31 heirs to peerages have been slain. This number does not include Prince Maurice of Battenberg, brother of the Queen of Spain, who was mortally wounded in France last October.

In the South African war only four peers and six heirs of peers lost their lives and this over a period of two and a half years.

The Prince of Wales was among the foremost in setting the noble example. Other members of the royal family serving in France include the Duke of Teck, brother of Queen Mary, and Prince Arthur of Connaught, while yet others closely allied to the Royal House are attached to the headquarters of the British army.

manifestations to the theatre, the blenchers, or the asylum. Hysteria, even, may be palliated if it springs from a cause at once vital and inevitable—as election day, war, or the census.

But there is a certain inexplicable dementia which shows itself not infrequently in this our enlightened country. It takes hold of a great many people at once, usually in out large cities. It shakes them from their aboriginal security into a hat-waving, struggling, dishevelled crowd. It gets them into the newspapers, which fished have already, down sensations in the weed-grown fertility of their consciousness. It leads them into all sorts of extravagances; of letter-writing, of hand-sinking, of aimless noise, of confusion. Sometimes this mental affliction, which can sweep the country with the speed that the modern press disseminates the information that Vernon Castle has learned a new step or that Jess Willard drinks only Pilsner Spring Water, takes the form of a flood, as of blizzards, or phonographs, or dancing or fords, in which case it is innocent enough and involves only the individual and perhaps a few ungracious neighbors.

At others, it involves a more disturbing element. The contagion of example may reach beyond the irresponsible few who are carried away in a swirl of emotion—unreasoning, unbalanced, uncontrolled.

Such a disease, which undeniably is his residence by illness.

ters staff. It was only recently learned that Lord Crichton, the King's equerry, who was supposed to be a prisoner in Germany, had been killed at the front some months before.

The list of peers who have laid down their lives in their country's cause, or been incapacitated in action, is a lengthy one.

On the other side of the picture there is the example of Lord Norbury, a peer who, though 63 years of age, a month ago began work in the fitting-shop of an aeroplane works at Byfleet, Surrey, and every day is wearing brown dungarees and a cap. He sleeps in a small bedroom in a tiny lodge adjacent to the works, which is tenanted by a butler. He takes his meals with the other workmen and puts in 54 hours weekly. He works on a lathe and the verdict of his bench-mates is encouraging.

"Nobling," they familiarly call him, and they treat him quite as an ordinary workman. Sometimes he works overtime.

"I am just an ordinary workman expecting and receiving no preferential treatment," he said to a newspaper interviewer. "Shall I be able to live on my wages? Rather! I hope to save and I shall be a rich man shortly with 54 hours a week, bonus and overtime."

Another notable example is, that given by Sir Herbert Rutherford, M. P., a millionaire with palatial country houses and a fine town mansion in Grosvenor Square. Sir Herbert, enlisted as a private in the Sportsman's Battalion and Lady Rutherford regularly drew his "separation" allowance, of \$4.35 a week, banding the money over to charity. By degrees this bargain-private became a sergeant, and when he accepted a commission as lieutenant, he was appointed chief recruiting officer for the battalion, which has its headquarters at Gidea Park, one of Sir Herbert's country seats.

On the business side of the war, we have Lord Abercrombie, chairman of John Brown, Clydebank, the builders of the Aquitania, under whose direction prodigious quantities of ammunition and ordnance are being produced; Lord Armstrong, another munition producer, and Lord Hesketh and Lord Alington, chairman of great railroad companies who are transporting troops and war supplies to be shipped to France.

present in the feverish modern body of our great sensation loving public, can only be looked upon by those of us so fortunate as to escape its ravages, as a real damper.

The latest symptom and the one which has called forth our attempted diagnosis, is the hysteria of congratulation with which Harry K. Thaw is being everywhere greeted. That he has been able for nine years to hold the interest of many, and to appear on the front page with ungovernable frequency, is unfortunately due to "human nature"—that explanatory refuge for sensationalism. That he has out-lasted Roosevelt and Diaz, Forbes-Robertson and Goethals, is lamentable enough. But that Thaw, sane and free, bids fair to out-last Daniels and the Democrats, Dernburg and the Kaiser himself by reason of the demented acclamations which follow his purchased freedom, is a shocking instance of the unbridled paranoias of how large a proportion of our fellow-countrymen?

W. H. Y. H.

Portsmouth, July 20.

FUNERAL NOTICE

Funeral services of Mr. John V. White will be held at the home in New Castle, Thursday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Friends invited.

Robert M. Herriek is restricted to his residence by illness.



Any Time Is A Good Time For New Post Toasties

Crisp, delicious and better than ever before—they have a body and form that keeps them crisp and firm—they don't mush down in cream as the ordinary corn flakes do.

These Superior Corn Flakes are not only a delightful breakfast food—they make an appetizing lunch at any hour of the day.

And how the kiddies do enjoy them! After playtime—for lunch or supper—the crinkly brown flakes just hit the spot.

Post Toasties are made of the choicest Indian corn; steam cooked, daintily seasoned, rolled and toasted to a delicate golden-brown.

They reach you ready to serve—mighty good with cream or any kind of fruit.

Ask your Grocer for

New Post Toasties

—the Superior Corn Flakes

THIS BANK WILL HELP YOU

to save money—but you must first help yourself! Start your account with us today, add whatever you can spare each week—that's YOUR PART.

OUR PART is in safeguarding every dollar you deposit, and paying 3½ per cent. interest.

PISCATAQUA SAVINGS BANK
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—\$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 2 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:

Editorial.....28 | Business.....37



Portsmouth, N. H., Wednesday, July 21, 1915.

A False Alarm.

Not long since this paper commented on a prediction by a prominent man, which was to the effect that the United States is rapidly nearing the time when it will not produce enough to feed its own people unless there is a prompt and decided change in the methods of agriculture. The author of this doleful prediction claimed that the population is increasing twenty times as fast as the production of food stuffs; and, taking this as his basis, it was easy to figure out that the people of this country will be going hungry in the not distant future if there is not a pronounced change in the manner of tilling the soil.

We ventured to question the accuracy of the prediction and to point out that while the volume of food exports was so large there would be little danger of a shortage, and the ground taken by this paper makes timely the consideration of a few figures that have since been published. These show that the exports for the year just ended were much larger than for the year before. For this large increase the European war is responsible, but the fact remains that if the country had not had it to spare it would not have been sent abroad.

The aggregate value of food exports last year was \$724,000,000, as against \$443,000,000 for the preceding year. That doesn't look much like running out of bread and meat in the United States. Wheat constituted the largest item, the amount exported being nearly 250,000,000 bushels, as against \$164,000,000 the year before. There was also a great increase in the exportations of flour, oats, corn, meats and dairy products.

These figures present anything but a gloomy outlook for this country in the direction of a food supply. On the contrary they show that the people of the United States are able to feed not only themselves but half the world besides, and that the last thing they need to worry about is the lack of enough to eat.

There is room for improvement in the methods of agriculture in many directions, and these are being made faster than many people are aware of. The changes are not coming in the form of a revolution, but year by year there are improvements not only in facilities, but in the manner of treating the soil, and the results are manifested by such figures as are presented above. There are some things in this country which demand the earnest attention of thinking men and women, but the danger of a food shortage has no proper place in the list.

Attorney General Gregory informs the country and all "others whom it may concern" that trust busting has not reached its end, contrary to a belief that appears to have gained a foothold in certain quarters. He admits that experimental work and new schemes in the field of business regulation will not be so popular in the future as they have been in the past in trust busting circles, but the government has not entirely withdrawn its hand and infringements of the laws will not go unheeded.

The American packers have finally succeeded in waking the government up to the fact that the detention by England of meat cargoes consigned to Scandinavian countries is not quite the proper thing. This has been going on for a long time, and it begins to look as if the abuse, to call it by no harsher name, would have to be rectified without unnecessary delay.

Enthusiasm for enlisting is cooling in Canada, according to a dispatch from Ottawa, which says there has been such a falling off in enlistments of late that a great public agitation has been started to brace up the young men. One of the hard facts of war is that the novelty soon wears off, and when that is gone it is a very stern and forbidding reality.

A New York paper in commenting on the fact that a man got rich by conducting a restaurant in that city for years which was patronized by Tammany chieftains uses the heading, "Feeding Tammany Pays." The consensus of opinion is likely to be that the restaurant men better than it does the lax payers.

The war does not interfere with the importation into Germany of American methods. The mechanics of the great Krupp gun works are threatening to strike for higher wages and shorter hours.

"Murdered, and rum did it," was a favorite expression of the anti-saloonsists forty years ago. Just now the popular conviction is, "Cleared and money did it."

Under all the circumstances it would be especially hard for Lieutenant Becker to have to go to the chair just at this time.

Summer weather was a long time coming this year, but when it arrived it needed no herald. It speaks for itself.

CURRENT OPINION

Easy Divorce More Dangerous to Our Country Than an Oriental Invasion.

It is variously estimated that from one couple out of seven to one out of ten in this country is divorced. That fact is more dangerous to our nation than a threatened oriental invasion. The crude phrasing used by a Judge when he said that wives are changed as easily as horses are swapped has just enough truth to arouse us.

The loose divorce customs are but another evidence of the neglect of religion. Comparatively few divorces occur where the individual cultivates purity of heart, unselfish service and a worthy conception of life.

We will not cure the divorce evil by tight or loose laws. We can only do it by accepting Christ's standards of purity.

Prizefighting, horse race betting, loose dancng, cabaret liquor drinking, low planned plays and easy divorces are all evidence of a cultivation of the lower nature at the expense of the better and spiritual self.—By Rev. Christian F. Reiser, Pastor of Grace M. E. Church, New York City.

FELL OFF CAR WHILE ASLEEP

Somerville Man Injured in the Railroad Yard.

William J. Naughton, aged 22 years of Somerville, Mass., is at the Portsmouth Hospital as the result of injuries received early this morning in the Boston and Maine railroad yard. Naughton was found by some of the night switching crew after he had fallen from the roof of a box car while asleep. When examined by Dr. Berry at the hospital, the physician found no bones broken, but the man was suffering with a badly bruised left hip. Naughton said he was on his way to Portland and got aboard the freight at Somerville.

WIRE WORKERS ON STRIKE AT PALMER

(Special to The Herald)
Palmer, Mass., July 21—Two hundred employees of the Wright Wire Mill walked out of the plant at ten o'clock this morning, making good their threat to strike unless granted wage increases. The strikers, all men, left in a body and without disorder. No disorder had attended the strike up to an early hour this afternoon.

NATIONAL GUARD CALLED OUT AT BAYONNE

(Special to The Herald)
Frenton, N. J., July 21—Mayor Pierre Garon of Bayonne today asked Governor Fieider to call out the national guard and send troops to Bayonne to put down the disorder in the strike of 5000 employees at the Standard Oil Storage and Refining plant.

STRIKING MACHINISTS ARE BUSY

(Special to The Herald)
Bridgeport, Conn., July 21—Two hundred and fifty striking machinists marched on the big U. M. C. plant at noon today to start a demonstration against the machinists now working. The police dispersed the mob which later congregated outside the limits of

MORE REASON TO PUSH HARDER

Speaking of business conditions recently, John Wanamaker said: "People today are buying only three things—automobiles, wearing apparel and shoes. They are buying the first because they are cheap and shoes and clothing because they must be replaced." Then he made the telling point that if manufacturers of other lines are to meet this condition they must push harder. They must follow the aggressive methods of the large stores. They must advertise.

NEARLY 100 YEARS OLD

Luther W. Paul of Somersworth Distinguished Guest at Reunion of Veteran Masons.

One of the distinguished guests who attended the gathering of the Veteran Free Masons of New Hampshire today at Kittery Point, was Luther W. Paul of Somersworth who has nearly reached the century mark in age. Mr. Paul is in his 95th year and is certainly a well preserved man. He looks as young as a man twenty years his senior. In conversation with a Herald man today he said he made a practice of riding from Somersworth to Boston in a coach in 1839, long before the first steam railroad. He was for many years engaged in the shoe manufacturing business in Manchester, N. H., and Iowa City, Iowa. Mr. Paul was born in 1817 and is a native of Sanford, Me. His father, John Paul, was born in Kittery in 1717. He enjoyed 62 years of married life and at the time of his wife's death she was 82 years of age. Mr. Paul has two sons and one daughter living. Speaking of liquor, he told the reporter that he never drank a glass of it in all his days and never used tobacco in any form. His health is excellent and he has seen but few sick days.

When one of a crowd of bystanders spoke to him regarding his reaching the 100th birthday he said: "I can recollect most everything since I was five years of age, but I cannot like the rest of you, predict what is ahead of me."

Many old veterans at the meeting today were boys compared with the Somersworth visitor and none of them enjoyed the day more than he did. He carried a handsome gold headed cane which was presented to him by the Masons on his 90th birthday.

NOTE TO BE DISPATCHED WITHIN 48 HOURS

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, July 21—The note to Germany conveying in a definite manner the attitude of the United States will be sent to the Berlin foreign office within 48 hours, it was stated here today. It is practically certain that the note will be dispatched before Friday's cabinet meeting.

It became known today that President Wilson worked practically all Monday night writing various sections of it, and it is recognized on all sides that the communication will be a "last word" to Germany.

TENT MEETINGS AT SOUTH ELIOT

Meetings are still in progress at South Eliot. A good sized congregation gathered on Sunday night to hear Mrs. Curry's sermon on "Repentance." As the evangelist expounded the scripture and proved by selected scriptural illustrations that water baptism, church membership, and good resolutions, all right and proper in their place, but that they could not be substituted for Bible repentance, and then by citing Scripture and historical facts, showed that Bible repentance demanded first—a clean heart confession of sin; second—a full restitution for sin and third—a forsaking of all sin. The audience responded in a manner that demonstrated that they still believed in the old-fashioned gospel of Bible repentance and salvation from sin.

The Monday evening congregation was smaller but there was an increased attendance on Tuesday evening of religious interest on the part of some people.

On Friday evening Miss Curry will preach a sermon on "The Leprosy of Sin and its cure, a Bible type of sin and salvation." She has made a special study of the physical disease of leprosy for twenty years and from medical journals and historical accounts of the disease has gathered information of the origin and development of leprosy that has made her an authority on the disease. This sermon has been recommended by physicians and missionaries all over the country and Miss Curry should have a large congregation to hear this most instructive sermon on Friday evening. Come and hear! 7.30.

BELGIAN RELIEF FUND

Previously reported	\$761.15
Lafayette school	5.75
High school	4.52
Haven kindergarten	2.15
Plains, Farragut, Spaulding	
Spaulding	
Woodbury and Franklin	2.80
Whipple and Cabot	9.17
Total	\$789.62

AMERICAN NOTE WILL NOT MAKE STRONG THREATS

President and Cabinet Decide on General Principle of Document But Information Imparted Is Chiefly of Negative Calibre.

Washington July 20—President Wilson and his cabinet decided tonight on general principles of the note to be sent to Germany within a few days renewing the efforts to secure for American citizens protection in their rights on the high seas.

The president read to his official family, assembled for the first time in a month, a draft of a communication answering the German government's note of July 8, which failed to grant the demands of the United States growing out of the sinking of the Lusitania. The draft was incomplete in form. On its character and purposes, however, there was unanimous agreement, and Secretary Lansing was at work tonight putting in more precise language the ideas set forth.

Members of the cabinet generally reserved secrecy regarding the probable contents of the communication and the president cautioned against detailed speculation in advance of the publication of the document, lest mistaken impressions be created abroad before the actual text is received in Berlin. Such information as was obtainable concerning the nature of the new note was chiefly of a negative character. Cabinet officers made it clear that it would not be an ultimatum or make any threats as to the future purposes of the United States.

At the same time they pointed out that it would probably have an air of finality, curtailing the field of discussion and negotiation and placing squarely on Germany responsibility for any actions that might subsequently endanger the friendly relations of the two countries. The communication would be couched in friendly terms although it will follow the spirit of firmness that has characterized

previous notes. Today's conference was partly devoted to a discussion of what the American people really wanted the Washington government to say and do in the present crisis. So far as the cabinet officers could judge by their examination of public expressions the nation had voiced an insistent desire that the honor and dignity of the United States be upheld in the correspondence with Germany, but that a course should be followed that would maintain peace.

On Germany's next reply and the crystallization of public opinion thereafter will depend to a large extent according to intimations from officials, what the action of the United States will be concerning future violations of American rights.

Secretary Lansing stated today that no complete report of what had occurred in the encounter between the British liner *Ordnan* and a German submarine had reached the state department. An investigation has been instituted through the treasury department and a report is expected within a few days, but the dispatch of the note to Germany will not be delayed if it was officially stated, on account of the *Ordnan* case.

A statement received from William O. Thompson, counsel of the Industrial Relations commission who was on board the *Ordnan*, was referred to by Secretary Lansing as giving only a part of the information necessary to form a judgment of the legality or illegality of the attack. No testimony is as yet available to show whether the attack was made without warning.

Count Von Bernstorff the German ambassador was at the state department today on what he referred to as routine business.

At the same time they pointed out that it would probably have an air of finality, curtailing the field of discussion and negotiation and placing squarely on Germany responsibility for any actions that might subsequently endanger the friendly relations of the two countries. The communication would be couched in friendly terms although it will follow the spirit of firmness that has characterized

ILL HEALTH CAUSES SUICIDE

Mrs. Kathryn Gilman, Wife of Rochester Physician, Takes Her Life.

Rochester, July 20—The community was shocked this afternoon to learn of the suicide of Mrs. Kathryn M. Gilman, wife of Dr. Louis L. Gilman, a prominent physician, at their home on South Main street.

She had been in poor health for some time, had received hospital treatment and was subject to melancholy. To her illness is attributed the cause of her rash act.

At 11.30 a. m., she went to her room saying that she wanted to rest. After locking her door she took strychnine. Members of the household, finding that she was locked in her chamber, became suspicious and forced an entrance, finding her in bed and suffering from the effects of the poison, some of which was found in her room.

Dr. J. J. Morin was immediately summoned but found her beyond medical aid and she died at 12.15 p. m. Mrs. Gilman was born in Hazardville, Conn., being the daughter of John and Ann (Nolan) Cunningham, and had lived in Rochester since her marriage 13 years ago. She was a trained nurse and before her marriage had a position in a New York hospital. She leaves three sisters, Mary Cunningham of North Adams, Mass.; Sarah Cunningham of Hartford, Conn.; and Julia Cunningham of Wallham, Mass., and a brother, living in Connecticut. Mrs. Gilman's age was 43 years.

Medial Referee W. J. Roberts viewed the remains but deemed an inquest unnecessary attributing suicide as the cause of death.

SPECIAL NOTICE

The committee in charge of the Bimillennial Celebration hereby calls a public meeting of all the citizens especially the colored people, at the Pearl Street People's Baptist Church, on Thursday evening of this week, at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Mary I. Wood and Hon. Edward H. Adams and Rev. John L. Davis will be the speakers. A group of singers led by Mr. H. B. Burton will furnish the music. Admission free. Per order of the Committee.

OBSEQUES

John Langdon Ward

The remains of John Langdon Ward who died in New York July 18th, arrived in this city today at 10.37 a. m., and were taken to Kittery Point Me., where funeral services were held at his summer home by Rev. Dr. De Normandie of Roxbury. Interment was in Proprietors' cemetery under the direction of Undertaker O. W. Harz.

RENTS COLLECTED

And Property Cared For

Twenty years' experience enables me to give efficient service.

J. G. TOBEY
LAWYER
48 Congress St.

TRADE BOARD IS ORGANIZED

OFFICERS ELECTED BY HAMPTON BEACH ASSOCIATION

The organization of a new board of trade of Hampton Beach and the town of Hampton was perfected at a largely attended meeting of the business men of the beach and town at the engine house at the beach Monday evening.

The following officers were elected:

President—J. Frank James of Lawrence.

1st Vice-president—J. S. Jones, representing the town of Hampton.

2nd Vice-president—Edmund Langley, representing the beach.

Secretary and Treasurer—Byron Redman.

The board of directors includes the officers and Henry W. Ford of Haverhill, representing the beach business men and L. C. King of Hampton.

A constitution and code of by-laws were adopted for the new association. The organization will be open to all residents of the town of Hampton and all summer residents doing business at Hampton Beach.

Important matters came before the meeting for consideration but action was deferred until later in the season. The new organization was formed after a sharp controversy in which some interests of the beach opposed the formation of a board of trade.

NEW RULES FOR POSTAL TELEGRAPH OFFICE IN PORTSMOUTH

There are no keys to the Postal Office, only the Telegraph keys, which are always ready to serve the public with quick dispatch. Just call Postal on 'phone—we will get your telegram on all important points in the world. The Postal Wires are alive and full of speed in all kinds of weather.

T. C. Lecky, Mgr.

RED MEN'S BIG SUMMER CARNIVAL

ALL NEXT WEEK

CITY FARM FIELD, PORTSMOUTH

Featuring TORELLI'S DOG AND PONY CIRCUS KEEN & SHIPPY'S MUSEUM MOTORDROME SNAKE SHOW CRAZY HOUSE MERRY-GO-ROUND FERRIS WHEEL OCEAN WAVE ETC., ETC.

Admission to Grounds FREE TO ALL

\$2000

BUYS

Whidden Street House
CONNER & CO.

Fred Gardner, Manager.
Telephones 344W and 1067W

RESULT OF GIRLS' SPORTS AT THE PLAYGROUNDS

Keen Interest Being Taken in Indian Club and Basket and Reed Work Classes.

The following is the result of the girls' sports at the playground on Tuesday under the direction of Miss Cloud:

Running High Jump—Seniors, May Walsh first, Olive Mattison second, Margaret Scott third; Juniors, Frances Amazeen first, Mary McWilliams second, Catherine Neville third.

Running Broad Jump—Seniors, Josephine Meehan first, Alice McWilliams second, Catherine Neville third; Juniors, Cecelia Murphy first, Mary Timmons second, Olive Mattison third.

Standing Broad Jump—Seniors, Cecelia Murphy first, Olive Mattison second, Mary Timmons third; Juniors, Frances Amazeen first, Catherine Neville second, Ethel Adams third.

Bean Bags—Seniors, Gertrude Perry first, Jessie Abner second, Pearl Craig third; Juniors, Catherine Neville first, Mary McWilliams second, Ethel Adams third.

Ring Toss—Seniors, Mary Walsh first, Julia Lacey second; Juniors, Frances Amazeen first, Mary McWilliams second, Louise Quirk third.

60-Yard Dash—Seniors, Catherine Timmons first, Olive Mattison second, Jessie Abner third.

Traveling Rings—Juniors, Frances Amazeen first, Evelyn Champagne second, Alice Lacey third.

Parallel Bars—Seniors, Frances Amazeen first, Evelyn Champagne second, Dorothy Mattison third; Juniors, Catherine Redden first, Olive Mattison second.

The Juniors played basketball, the Farragut school winning 17 to 3.

The seniors played baseball, 15 to 3 in favor of the Haven school.

No child needs to be reminded of the story hour. They are sure to remember that no matter how many good stories they have heard. Last week the Fairy Story pleased the children.

Those who have not heard it should go to the public library and get the book. The play work done in connection with these stories is proving very satisfactory. Children like to express what is inside of them and the clay tells what they feel.

Indian club classes are becoming more numerous. The time has come when there is such a thing as advanced club swinging at the Portsmouth playgrounds, and it is very pleasing to note that the little children

are not afraid to indulge in this form of exercise.

The interest in basketball and baseball for the girls and boys is a great stimulus at the playgrounds.

Basket and reed work are of interest to all the children and since there is but one copy of the Blumhard basket book at the library and teachers are limited as to time, the following rules will be of help to those who are interested:

Violet Bowl—Dimensions, base 3 inches; height from top of weaving, 3 3/4 inches; greatest diameter, 6 1/2 inches; opening, without border, 4 1/4 inches; opening with border, 2 3/4 inches; materials, 16 spokes No. 2 reed, 32 inches; 2 spokes No. 2 reed, 17 inches; weavers, No. 2 reed.

Glass Finger Bowl—Diameter of opening in bowl, 4 1/4 inches; height of bowl, 2 1/2 inches. Indian center No. 2 is used in this model and a base woven three inches in diameter. Two spokes are used as one throughout the model. Curve the spokes slightly upward, using a pairing arrow. Weave in over-and-under weave with a gradual bowl-shaped curve of the spokes until the diameter of the basket at half its height is fully two inches greater than the diameter of the finger bowl. In the dimensions given the diameter is two and one-fourth inches greater.

From this point curve the spokes in toward the top of the bowl and continue until the weaving meets the rim of the finger bowl.

Border—Each pair of spokes is carried in turn over two pairs of spokes and under one pair of spokes to the outside of the basket. Turn the basket upside down and draw each pair of spokes in turn through the pairing arrow at the base, allowing them to take a natural curve over the basket proper, from the border to the base.

A good rule is to carry each pair as it leaves the border over one pair of spokes in the basket proper and insert through the arrow to the left of these spokes.

Standard—Holding the basket upside down, making a pairing arrow. Carry each pair of spokes in turn, in front of two pairs of spokes and back of one pair of spokes and trim, allowing a good end to prevent the border from pulling out.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Willis, of West Paris, Me., Monday morning, at 9:30 o'clock, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Mrs. Emma Willis Mann and Jesse Stephens Rose of Kittery. The ceremony was performed on the veranda by Rev. C. H. Young, the single ring service being used. Only the immediate family and one guest, Mrs. Luella C. Smiley of South Paris, an intimate friend of the bride, were present. Mrs. Rose is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Willis, and has always made her home at West Paris, where she is popular with a large circle of friends. The bride was becomingly gowned in a traveling suit of Belgian blue silk crepe poplin. Mr. and Mrs. Rose left immediately after the ceremony on a short wedding trip. They will be at home after August 1 at their home on Phillips road.

This evening Col. H. French will give an illustrated lecture on the Panama Canal at the Second Christian church.

Frank McIntire of North Kittery, who was badly burned by an explosion of gun powder last week, is improving.

The picnic of the Second Methodist Sunday school was held at Quamphugh park today.

Many from here are planning to attend the drama entitled "Three of a Kind," to be given under the auspices of the Epworth League of the South Eliot Methodist Episcopal church, Friday evening.

Karl Chick of the Junction has taken temporary employment with Armour & Company of Portsmouth.

Mrs. Joseph Pleet and little daughter, Thelma, of North Kittery, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Howard Blaney, of Prince Avenue.

Arthur Davis has returned to his home in Boston after a visit with his sister, Mrs. Ralph Gerry of the Junction.

The baby show held at Grange hall Tuesday afternoon from 2:30 to 5:30 o'clock, under the auspices of Kittery Grange, was a big success and the committee in charge deserves much credit. There was a very large attendance, and twenty-eight babies

were entered. Each received either a souvenir spoon, a cup and saucer, or a set of baby pins. The decorated doll and doll carriage parade was a feature of the affair, with the following entries: May Able, June Goodwin, Dorothy Woods, Eleanor Woods, Wilma Locke, Pauline Locke, and Charlotte Johnson. Miss Wilma Locke was awarded a silver napkin ring for having the prettiest decorated doll and carriage. During the afternoon refreshments of ice cream and fairy wafers were served. The committee in charge of the affair was Mrs. H. C. Moody, chairman; Mrs. A. H. Brackett and Mrs. William Frost.

Subscribers to the Herald through the Herald's five newsboys and girls of Kittery should have in mind that these young merchants should receive prompt payment. It would be well for readers who have overlooked this fact to keep it in mind.

Ernest Witham has returned to Milton, N. H., after a visit with his father at the Intervale.

PING LIMBS FOR SALE—Ready to use by July. \$4.00 per cord delivered. A. C. Gunnison, Kittery Depot, b 2747.

The picnic of the primary department of the Second Christian Sunday school was held this afternoon.

The following officers of Constitution Lodge, K. of P., were installed Tuesday evening by D. G. C. Mark W. Keene, assisted by P. C. Charles Brooks as Grand Prelate, and Past Chancellor Oscar T. Clark as Master-at-Arms: C. C. Harry Phillips; V. C. George C. Perry; Preceptor, Eugene Cloutier; M. W. Philip Brooks; K. R. S. Fred W. Cross; M. of P. William T. Burroughs; M. of E. Mark W. Keene; M. of A. Frank Hutchins; J. G. Charles Miller; O. G. Benjamin Barker. After the work was concluded a collection of ice cream, cake and cigars was served, followed by a social hour and general good time. The work was executed in fine style and a credit to the installing officers.

In connection with the lawn party to be held under the auspices of the Riverside Reading Club, Thursday evening, July 29, there will be a decorated doll carriage parade, with a prize for the prettiest.

ELIOT

Mrs. James Bartlett will introduce some novel features in the way of entertainment at a magazine social to be held on the lawn at her residence this Wednesday evening.

The South Eliot Company of Eliot Fire Association will hold a drill and regular business meeting at Welch's Corner on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Rudolph LaPointe met with a slight accident on Sunday while cranking his auto. Roy DeCott substituted for him at Spinner's Switch.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Peckham and young son of Natick, Mass., are the guests for a few weeks of Madam Libbey and family.

Mrs. Robinson, housekeeper at Lanter Camp returned on Tuesday after a brief visit in Boston.

Miss Athena Nason accompanied by her friend, Miss Edith Walford of Providence, R. I., are the guests of Mrs. George Bartlett of Riverview, South Eliot.

Miss Ella Bartlett has returned from a week's visit with relatives in Somerville, Mass., accompanied by her grandson, Leland Dammun, who will spend two weeks at Three Acres.

Mr. Charles Smith is substituting at Spinner's Switch for Charles Barney.

PORTSMOUTH THEATRE

MUSIC HALL
F. W. HARTFORD, Manager

Positively the largest and brightest pictures in the state—and selected vaudeville.

FOR WED. AND THURS.

Picture—"The Girl and the Reporter" Solis drama in two parts.

The reporter goes to a society girl's house and asks for an interview; he is refused. The city editor assigns another reporter to get the story. Between the reporter that was refused the story and the man who went to get the story in his place, they hatch up a scheme to get it—and it works.

Picture—"Cartoons in the Laundry" Edison drawings.

Roual Barre's always happy, humorous pen traces some mighty funny antics when he gets into the animated "Cartoons in the Laundry."

ACT—(For Wednesday only)—Powder and Copman, singing and dancing.

Picture—"Fate's Healing Hand," Biograph drama.

The dramatic material in this one-reel photoplay is strong, human and well knit together. Wm. Butler, Frank Newburg and Isabel Rea are all the cast to advantage.

ACT—"California"—Eight people, — a comedy-dramatic sketch. Here for Wednesday only.

Picture—"A Mistake in Typesetting," Vitaphone comedy.

One wants a dog, the other a baby, and still another wants a husband. All get what they want after a lot of trouble and a whole lot of fun. Flora Finch and Jay Diggins.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert H. Brown and son Willis of Springfield, Mass., are visiting at Mr. Charles I. Pinkham's No. 2 Dearborn street. They are on an automobile tour via the beaches to Montpelier, Vt.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Finnegan passed Tuesday at York Beach.

Mrs. John S. Tilton of Heddling came down from Heddling for the day Tuesday.

Millard Gardner and Percival Sides are enjoying an auto trip to the White Mountains.

Miss Ruth Cotton of Richards avenue is passing a few days at North Rye Beach.

Miss Arlene King of Northampton, Mass., is spending a week at Lanter Camp at Eliot.

Daniel N. Whitlaker of Franklin, N. H., was here on Tuesday calling on old time friends.

Miss Mabel Cummings of Attleboro, Mass., is passing a few days in this city with relatives.

Fred V. Hett and family are at the Hett cottage at Wallis Sands for the remainder of the month.

Mrs. Florence J. Conley of Brookline, Mass., was here today in consultation with her counsel.

Mrs. Annie M. Holmes of Malden, Mass., is the guest of her brother, Frank W. Hice of Islington street.

Mrs. Jesse W. Preston of Boston, formerly of this city is at the Magnolia Inn, Magnolia, Mass., for the summer.

Assistant State Engineer Frank Brown and family of Concord are occupying the Dame cottage at Wallis Sands.

Miss Ethel Dow has returned to her home in Salem, Mass., after spending the week with Miss Helen Fish of Wilbur street.

Dr. Herman Christoph of Manchester, N. H., will occupy the Rider cottage at Wallis Sands during the month of August.

Charles W. Whitcomb of Stratham has returned from the West owing to his suffering an ill turn. He is said to be much improved.

Mrs. Stanton M. Trueman and Miss Ruth Warburton are passing a few days at York Beach, being registered at the Neargargo Hotel.

William T. Entwistle and family of Haverhill street are the guests of Mrs. Samuel Stringer at York Beach for the remainder of the summer.

Rev. Charles W. Merrihan of Greenfield, Mass., and family will occupy their cottage at Iye North Beach during the month of August.

Adjutant General Charles H. Howard of Nashua passed Tuesday in this city on matters pertaining to the New Hampshire Coast Artillery Corps.

Frank M. Preston of Boston who stopped in this city to visit friends, while on his way to Bangor and points along the Maine coast in his yacht, sailed today. He was accompanied by Chester Condon of this city on his eastern trip.

The Missouri, Ohio and Wisconsin Railroads for San Diego.

The field, from Boston for Charleston.

The Dupont, Boston for Providence.

The Denver, Mazatlan for San Blas.

The Arkansas at Point Judith.

The Florida, South Carolina, Michigan and Utah, Newport for Provincetown.

The Virginia, Nebraska and Georgia, Newport for Rockport, Mass.

The Louisiana and New Hampshire, Newport for Boston.

The Birmingham, Newport for Gardnerville Bay.

The Albany, Tacoma for Seattle.

The Georgia will arrive at the Boston yard about July 28 for about three weeks repairs.

Board Ordered

Captain Snowden, commandant of the yard has ordered the following officers to convene as a board to examine applicants for the position as master mechanic in the Industrial Department: Constructor R. P. Schubeck, Constructor E. C. Hamner Jr., and Lieut. L. J. Gulliver.

Much Work on Vulcan

A lot of repair and extensive alterations have been recommended on the collier Vulcan. The changing of quarters and store rooms alone it is said will cost approximately \$3,000.

The date of completion has been set for September 11.

Coming Back

A detachment of the marine guard from the barracks, prison ships and naval prison, numbering about thirty men will arrive back at the yard from the Wakefield rifle range tomorrow. A large per cent of the guard is said to have qualified in the practice work during the past ten days.

HE HAD A GUN

Edward Kent was arrested on Tuesday night by Officers Kelley and Condon on Vaughan street after a mix-up previous to the arrival of the officers. When searched at the station a revolver was found on his person and he will be heard in police court this afternoon on a charge of carrying concealed weapons.

For best results try a Want Ad.

A Little Out of the Way, But—

BOOKS-STATIONERY
PERIODICALS-LIBRARY

The Acorn
PORTER ST.
Opposite Post Office
PHONE 1034R.

Many of the patrons of "The Acorn" have been pleased with the quality and the variety of Luncheon Sets, Paper Napkins, with fast-color decorations, or water-marked in white, and Crepe Papers with satin finish in folds or in rolls.

Good Stratton Porter's new book "Michael O'Halloran" will be published in a few weeks. Those wishing a copy promptly will be wise if they place their order at once. Though the publishers have already greatly enlarged their first printing order, the indications are that they will not be able to fill all their later orders.

FRENCH CAPTURE IMPORTANT DEFENSES FIRST ROUND OF TENNIS TOURNAMENT

(Special to The Herald)

Paris, July 21.—A systematic bombardment of positions by the Germans is again in progress. It is officially announced today. French aviators again bombarded Colmar, Upper Alsace, on Tuesday.

Important progress has been made by the French north of the Fecht valley in Alsace. German attacks in the Wever district were repulsed. The Germans during the night delivered attacks in the forest of Apremont, at Vauxfey, and at Fete delache, but all broke down. Other German attacks in the Vosges were repulsed.

There have been infantry actions on the heights east of the Fecht river. The French captured important defensive works of the Germans north of the Fecht, advancing nearly to the crest of the heights. Eight bombs were dropped upon the railroad tracks at Colmar by aviators.

Frank H. Ellis, the building mover of York Beach is at present engaged in raising the Brown hotel and restle at the wharf of the Consolidation Coal Company. The structure weighs forty tons and the contract calls for it to be raised six feet from the present base. The job is one of the largest yet undertaken by Mr. Ellis.

Following are the scores to date:

Sanderson 4 0 3 4 5 6 5-6
Pickering 3 2 1 4 5 2 7 3-4
Sanderson 5 3 4 5 6 3 4 4-6
Pickering 2 0 5 3 4 5 1 2-3
Butler 2 2 5 4 5 4 5 2-5
Russell 4 3 1 0 2 1 4 3-3
Butler 4 3 1 3 1 4 4-6
Russell 0 2 5 0 2 1-6
Dowd 2 4 4 4 5 4 5-6
Paterson 4 2 1 1 6 3 1-6
Dowd 5 4 5 3 4 4 4 4-6
Paterson 7 1 7 5 0 2 1 2 2-3
Newton 4 3 4 5 6 4 6-6
Simpson 1 1 1 1 3 1 1-1
Newton 5 0 4 4 5 4 4 4-6
Simpson 3 4 2 3 1 3 1 1-1
Mulholland 4 3 4 4 4 4 4-6
Kenney 0 0 1 0 0 1 0-1
Mulholland 4 4 4 4 4 4 4-6
Kenney 0 2 2 1 1 2 2-0

When You Travel

It is highly important that your wardrobe be up to the standard of a gentleman. Bring your apparel needs here and have them satisfied. An air-cooled summer for yours, if you use B. V. D. underwear, a sport or negligee shirt, an outing pant in white or striped flannel, a Morte-made or Heraberg Suit, and don't forget a bathing suit. Then with a trunk, bag or suit case you are ready for travel.

HERSBERG Master CLOTHES

N. H. BEANE & CO.,
5 CONGRESS STREET. 22 HIGH STREET.

90c
A First Quality 12 Blade Safety Razor for 90c

E. C. MATTHEWS'
HARDWARE & PAINT CO.
Opposite Post Office.

GERMANS CONTINUE DRIVE WINNING TOWARD WARSAW

Teutonic Forces Capture Windau--French Repulse Germans--Italian Navy Active

Berlin, July 20.—With the Germans in Windau and Turku on their way to Riga and hammering the Russian front north and west of Warsaw, and the Austro-German armies making progress toward the Lvov-Radom-Lublin Cholm Koval-Rovno Railroad line southeast of the Polish capital and actually over the Bug at one point, the British critics have metaphorically begun to weep and are handing Warsaw to the Teutonic armies. Russia for months has been doing the bulk of the fighting for the Allies. In France and Belgium the other Allies venture by companies, battalions and sometimes even by army corps to come out of their trenches and capture or lose so many feet of trenches. In the east millions of men are involved and the fighting has been most desperate, with a tremendous total of losses. It is only in this field that operations on a large scale have taken place since the battle of Alsace. Russia has met alone the combined forces of Germany and Austria-Hungary with the greatest concentration of artillery that the world has ever seen. Prepared beyond the comprehension of any outside expert with munitions the Teutonic forces have pushed their way forward. So long as already pointed out, as this great machine can afford the men and can continue to expend such vast quantities of ammunition from an overwhelming preponderance of artillery, Russia will find difficulty in stopping the enemy advances. Beyond a certain point, however, facilities for transporting the amount needed will be hampered by the lack of railroads in Russian Poland. It must be assumed that Germany has utilized the time since the last frontal attack on Warsaw in building railroads and accumulating ammunition on the Bzura front, which is only about thirty miles from the prize for which Emperor William four times has striven in vain. So it may be that the British critics fear that Warsaw will be evacuated. If taken by the Germans, it will be a great military feat, but if the Russian main armies still elude them and re-

main intact the problem of the eastern arena is still unsolved. They cannot rest on their laurels. No decisive victory has been won. Their great armies are still riveted to this field.

Thus with virtually all of Courland in the hands of Field Marshal von Hindenburg and with the Austro-German forces across the Bug, continued occupancy of the Polish capital exposes the Russians to danger of disaster. The occupation of Windau and Takuva by the Germans threatens the Russians from the north, and this is paralleled from the southeast by the advance of the Teutonic allies on the Lublin railroad, one of the chief arteries of communication with Warsaw, and their crossing of the Bug. The wisdom of abandoning the Warsaw salient in favor of a straight Russian line daily becomes a more definite subject of speculation, and Russian retirement from the capital before it is invested completely is predicted widely. From Windau the Germans are reported to be advancing toward Riga, with the intention of seizing that port and clearing the nearby seas of mines. Thus obtaining another naval base. All the glory has not gone to von Hindenburg. In the center General von Gallwitz has driven the Russians back on the near defenses of the city, the German report claiming an advance to points within twenty miles of the stronghold. To the southeast the Austro-Germans under von Mackensen and the Austrian archduke are pressing on the Lublin-Cholm railroad line, capturing Krashnastav and threatening by a further advance to compass an encircling movement. Further east, also, the Austrians are advancing to complement the German effort.

GERMANS CAPTURE WINDAU
Berlin, July 20.—The War Office issued the following:
"German troops occupied Takuva and captured Windau. (Windau is a seaport in Courland, on the Baltic sea, at the mouth of the Windau river, 100 miles northwest of Miqu.) Pursuing

the enemy, who was defeated on the An river, at Altantz, our troops yesterday reached the district of Hozum-herge and northwest of Miqu, where the enemy occupied previously prepared positions.

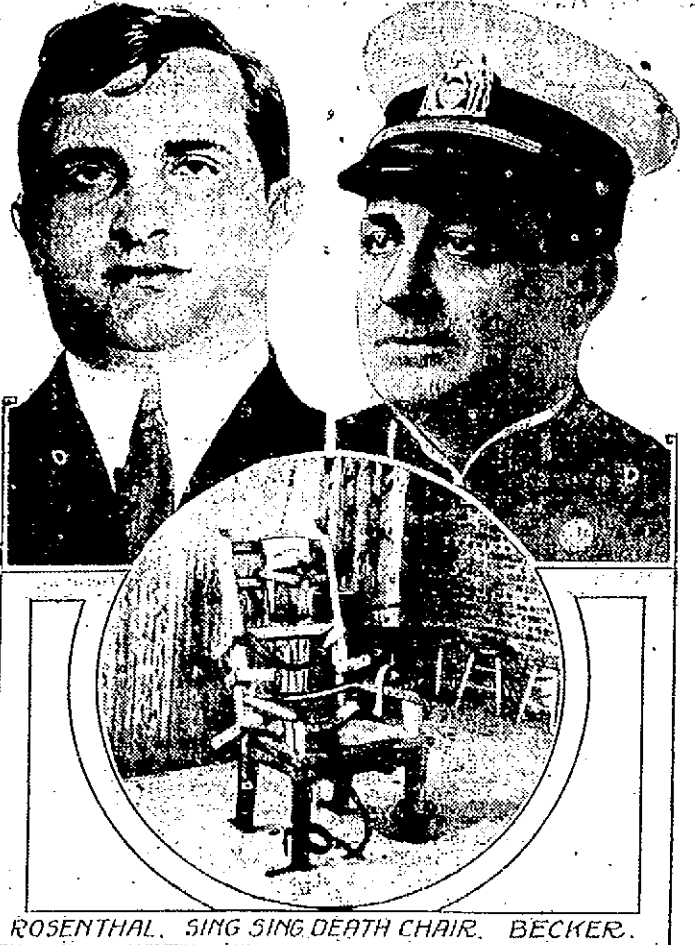
FRENCH DRIVE GERMANS BACK

Paris, via London, July 20.—The War Office today issued the following:
"In Artois, in the vicinity of Souchez and near Neuville St. Vaast there was a violent bombardment last night, and some fighting with grenades to the northward of Chateau Carlet.
"In the valley of the Aisne, a fairly lively cannonade was reported and the town of Soissons was bombarded.
"On the heights of the Meuse the night was a lively one but without infantry action except near Colonne, where two German attempts to take a trench were easily repulsed.
"Four of our aviators dropped 48 shells on the Junction station at Challerance to the southward of Vouziers.
"A squadron of six aeroplanes this morning bombarded Colmar station. Eight shells of 150 millimetres (six inches) each and eight shells of 90 millimetres were dropped on railway buildings and trains. It has been established that damage was done both to the main station and freight station. None of the shells fell on the city. Our machines returned undamaged."
The following official statement was issued by the French War Office last night:
"In Artois there was a violent cannonade near Souchez, but no infantry attack. Sixty shells were thrown into Arras.
"In the Argonne fighting with bombs and petrols took place.
"On the heights of the Meuse the Germans yesterday afternoon delivered two strong attacks against our positions on the ridge south of Souvaux, which were completely repulsed. The enemy then bombarded our trenches, and with weak effectives delivered a series of minor attacks, which we repelled. The German losses were considerable.
"Quiet prevailed on the rest of the front.
"One of our aeroplanes pursued and brought down by machine-gun fire an enemy aeroplane, which fell in flames."
Rome, July 20.—The following statement was given out at the Ministry of Marine here:
"Since the last statement, of date July 7, the navy has intensified its action in cooperation with the aerial service against the enemy's coasts in the lower and upper Adriatic. The following operations on sea were carried out:
"In the Dalmatian archipelago, cutting cables near islands which, on account of their proximity to our coasts, constituted effective centers for observation for the enemy; destruction of depots for revolutionizing barracks, factories and torpedo boats on one of the islands and the capture of a few prisoners.
"At dawn on the 18th a division composed of the old cruisers Vauze, Francesco Ferruccio, Giuseppe Garibaldi and Victor Usant approached the waters of Cattaro, manifesting its presence by bombarding and seriously damaging the railroads of the locality, while other warships, acting against Gravosa, destroyed a machinery depot, the barracks and several other military buildings, and landed a party which made a reconnaissance on Giupiana Island.
"Enemy cruisers which had taken refuge at the Cattaro base, which, although of obsolete type, could have offered opposition to our old cruisers, did not come out from the port, but nevertheless kept up steam. While our ships were drawing off they made an attack by submarines, and the Giuseppe Garibaldi, after evading the first attack, was struck by a torpedo and sunk.
"The crew preserved discipline and behaved with coolness, shouting several times 'Long live the King!' before jumping into the sea in obedience to orders. Most of them were saved.
"Among the most remarkable aerial operations must be cited the bombardment by one of our dirigibles on the 17th of Trieste. The technical establishment was badly damaged in the previous raid on the fourth. This time bombs thrown on these important workshops started a fire so extensive as to be visible twenty miles away.
"Our aeroplanes dropped bombs on Austrian destroyers protecting Fasana canal near Pola. The other aeroplanes bombarded the battery near the Salvatore lighthouse on the 14th. One of our dirigibles bombarded with excellent results the Triestino station and Trieste railroad yards at Monfalcone on the 16th.
"On the 17th an enemy seaplane belonging to a small squadron which flew over Bari and Barietta was captured with two officers."

'FLIVVER' JOKE COSTS HIS LIFE
Beacon, N. Y., July 20.—Because Charles Shuster, of Baunerman, called an automobile belonging to Charles Kowatch, also of that place, a "flivver" he was shot by the latter and died in a few hours.
Kowatch was arrested and taken to the county jail at Poughkeepsie, on the charge of murder.

NEW TORPEDO BOAT READY
The new torpedo boat, Vaukworth, 1090 tons displacement, the largest boat of its size in the U. S. N., which was recently completed at the Bath Iron Works, will be delivered at the Charlestown navy yard Friday.

BECKER'S LAWYERS, IN FIGHT TO SAVE CLIENT'S LIFE, PROMISE SENSATION



ROSENTHAL, SING SING DEATH CHAIR. BECKER.

As July 23, the day set for the electrocution at Sing Sing of former Lieutenant of Police Charles A. Becker for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, nears Becker's quartet of lawyers—W. Bourke Cockran, Martin T. Martin, John B. Johnston and John T. McIntyre—are holding almost hourly conferences in their efforts to save the life of their client. The case has attracted national attention. Becker's lawyers claim that the testimony on which Becker was convicted was perjured and that he is the victim of a frameup by gamblers and gun men. In the accompanying illustration are shown Becker, Rosenthal and the death chair at Sing Sing.

LIFEBOAT IS TIPPED OVER

HAMPTON BEACH GUARDS WERE THROWN INTO THE SURF YESTERDAY

The lifeboat of the Hampton Beach life-guard, containing Thomas L. Wood, son of Alderman Roswell Wood of Haverhill, and Kenneth French of Weymouth, was capsized yesterday and both were thrown into the breakers. Wood regained the craft and helped French aboard.
In attempting to regain the boat French was caught under it and was badly scratched about the back and arms. He was given treatment.
The new raft placed off the Casino at Hampton Beach for the use of bathers at that resort, was carried from its moorings yesterday and landed on the rocks near Lion's Head. The raft has weights of 600 pounds on it, but this was insufficient to hold it against the force of the tide. Ralph Carr and Robert Ring were appointed by the beach business men to have the raft replaced in its original position.

BOSTON LETTER

Boston, July 20.—Railroad employees throughout New England have been appealed to join in a demand for an eight-hour eighty mile day in road service; four-hour, 75 mile day in passenger service, with universal double time for all overtime and no reduction in rates. The appeal is in the form of a circular letter signed by the Railroad Workers' Educational League, and copies of it have been sent to the various railroad unions. At the local offices of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, it was said today that no action has been taken on the appeal. The letter of appeal says in part: "In forwarding our programme for better conditions and shorter hours we should ignore the pleas of the illiterate holders of stolen plunder and recognize that all who urged these pleas are advising us to better our own interests and forget our rights. And because of our overwhelming numbers they are also the enemy of civilization. After what we have seen of labor's disemployment, it should teach us to always cling close to our own interests. Should the railroads threaten receivership, we can say with truth that we would be as willing to take our chances with a plunderer-owned government as with the plunderers themselves."

A plan for an international patriotism as a means of elimination of war was made by M. C. Harrison of the Harvard Law School on the Common on Sunday, speaking under the auspices of the Woman's Peace Party. "National patriotism," he said, "is a cause of war. A patriotism which leads a man to respect his own national songs and ignore the national songs of all other people, is immoral and vi-

lions. Patriotism which induces a man to support his own country, right or wrong, is national selfishness. Socialists and Christians are fighting one another today because they place national selfishness above the good of humanity."

The mobilization of the Boston Chamber of Commerce will be on Thursday at the United Shoe Machinery Country Club at Beverly. There is an element of mystery surrounding "something unexpected," to be pulled off in addition to such features as a grand novel golf tournament, open only to those who have never played the game, a hesitation race, pipe and tobacco race, cup and bottle race, and some of the standards like fat man's and potato races and baseball, tennis and more golf. Special trains will leave here for Beverly at 9.30 a. m., and 1 p. m.

Unless the employees of the Park and Recreation Department find the weather too uncomfortable for such strenuous work, the statue of Phillips Brooks, which has been lying flat on its back in the Public Garden for the last two days, will be put in a more dignified position some time this week. The statue, a bronze of heroic size, is the second of a number to be placed along the Boylston street wall for the garden. The statue of Wendell Phillips was dedicated July 4, and the Brooks statue was recently taken to the location selected for it—near the entrance to the subway—and left in its present recumbent position.

POLICE NEWS

The names of six drunks and three held for safe keeping were on the blotter at midnight.
Judging from the look of satisfaction on the faces of the patrons as they left the Portsmouth Theatre last evening, the show that the management is presenting this week is what is known as "some" show.

Climate Failed; Medicine Effective

Sufferers from tuberculosis often think that medicine will not help them. Fresh air, regular habits and good food aid in restoring health, but more is often needed. Many have been restored to health by Beckman's Alternative. Read this:—
"Gentlemen:—Through your instrumentality I have been saved from a premature grave. On December 14, 1914, I was taken with Typhoid Pneumonia, which developed into Tuberculosis. (Diagnosis was later confirmed.) I went to Fort Worth, Texas, and later to Canon City, Colorado. After being there two weeks my physician informed me that my case was hopeless. Three weeks later I returned home weighing 160 pounds, the doctor having given me no assurance of reaching there alive. On July 11, 1915, I began taking Beckman's Alternative remedy for Lung Trouble, and my kind of work about my grain elevator. (Abbreviated.)
"Beckman's Alternative is most efficacious in bronchial catarrh and severe lung affections and in up-building the system. Contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs. Accept no substitutes. Small size, 21; regular size, 22. Sold by leading druggists. Write for booklet, Beckman Laboratory, Philadelphia. Sold by Benjamin Green, Druggist, Portsmouth, N. H."

NEW POLICE AUTO DRIVEN INTO CITY EARLY THIS MORNING

A 1912 Cadillac was driven into town early this morning by Police Commissioner Fred Gray and Marshal Hurley. The car will probably become the property of the city and will belong to the police department. The auto is equipped with electric lights and a self starter, it is in fine condition, having been driven less than 7000 miles and has four new tires on it.
Early last evening Councilman Smart, who was appointed a member of the police automobile committee, was in conference at the station with the police commissioners about this particular car. Mr. Smart was unable to go to Raymond to see the car, and he stated that he was willing to leave the matter with Mr. Gray, as the car had been highly recommended.
Mr. Gray and the marshal went to Raymond, looked that car over and were so well pleased with it that they decided to bring it to Portsmouth. The car is in perfect running condition, a five-passenger Cadillac and can be had for \$600. It is such a bargain that two men have stated that if the city doesn't care to take it, they are each willing to purchase it at the price offered.

FOGG FAMILY REUNION

The fourteenth annual reunion of the Fogg family of America, will be held on Friday, August 27th, in the William Fogg Library, Eliot, Me.
All descendants of Samuel and Ann (Shaw) Fogg and Samuel and Mary (Fogg) Fogg are given a cordial invitation to be present.

For best results try a Want Ad.

WALDEN'S MARKET Vaughan St.

Lamb Legs.....22c lb.
Lamb Fores.....16c lb.
Salt Pork (5-lb. lots).....12 1/2c lb.
Cream Tartar (Stickney & Poor's).....10c pkg.
Can Peas (the best).....12c can
Condensed Milk.....3 cans 25c
Evaporated Milk.....2 cans 15c
Van Camp's Ketchup.....3 bottles 50c
Soda (Stickney & Poor's).....9c pkg., 5 pkgs. for 25c
Fancy Corned Beef.....25c lb.

Call Us Up

TELEPHONE 614M
And We Will Send for Your Suit

CLEANING PRESSING REPAIRING BY IONA TAILOR

Frank Poona, :: Manager
Cor. Congress and Bridge Sts.

THE REMNANT STORE

With its many Big Values in

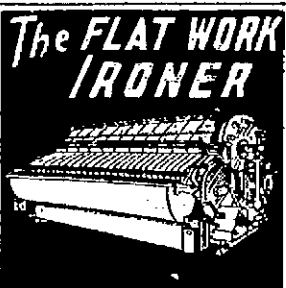
DRY GOODS
DRESS GOODS
COTTON GOODS
FANCY GOODS
And REMNANTS

will be open evenings all summer to accommodate those who cannot make their purchases by day.

250 State St. Opp. Postoffice
OPEN EVENINGS

VIA RAIL & BOAT
BAY STATE LINE NEW YORK \$2.55

STEAMSHIPS
GEORGIA AND TENNESSEE
Daily including Sunday, between Providence and Pier 19, Boat River, N. Y. Improved Service—Tel. Main 1742. City Ticket Office, 214 Washington St., Boston.



The above is but one reason for the superb excellence of our Flatwork Laundry Service. This machine irons the sheets, pillow slips, towels, handkerchiefs, tablecloths, napkins, etc.—does the work much better and quicker than by hand. We want you to try our service—it pleases the most exacting. Call No. 373 and try us.

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY Water Street.

Flash Lights BULBS BATTERIES

W. S. JACKSON,
111 Market Street.

Hotel Earle

103-5 Waverly Place
New York
Overlooking Washington Square.
When in New York live at the "Earle."
Rooms with Private Bath and Moors \$2.50 A-DAY
Without Meals, \$1.00
Booklet including map of New York gladly sent upon request.
David H. Knott, Prop.

Lehigh Coal
Bought of
THE PEOPLE'S COAL CO.
BRINGS SATISFACTION
60 Elwyn Avenue
Tel. 1041W. W. E. HIGGINS, Mgr.
Orders left at Carll & Co's, High St., will receive prompt attention.

7-264

10c CIGAR
Sales for week ending July 3, 1915, One Million, Seventy-One Thousand. Largest selling brand of 10c cigars in the world.
FACTORY
MANCHESTER, N. H.

LISTEN!
The business that succeeds nowadays must give service. Service means Quality, Honesty and Value received. That's just us. Try our Wet Wash and you will see this point.
HOME WASHING CO.
315 Maplewood Ave. Tel. 462W
LIZZIE M. GROVER, Prop.

Big Reduction

OWING TO THE INCREASED OUTPUT ON THE

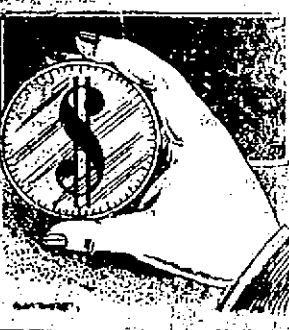
Smith Motor Wheel

"The Bicycle Booster"

THE PRICE HAS BEEN REDUCED FROM \$80 TO

\$60

C. A. LOWD, 338 PLEASANT ST.



Get The Full
VALUE OF YOUR SHOES
BY HAVING THEM RE-
PAIRED BY
CHARLES W. GREENE
270 State St.
Opposite the Post Office.

A POPULAR FAVORITE FOR 30 YEARS
Commercial Club Whiskey
SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS
William H. Carter, Sole Owner,
589 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Mass.

Garments and Furnishings

READY TO PUT ON

--- THE ---

D. F. Borthwick Store

With its carefully selected stock of
READY-TO-WEAR APPAREL

Is visited by a large number of buyers these mid-summer days.

The store of Muslin Underwear, Hosiery, Corsets,
Gloves and Neckwear.

The store of Shirt Waists, Sweaters, Bathing Suits,
Skirts, Suits, Dresses and Coats.

LOCAL DASHES

Sword fish at Clark's Branch.
Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch.
Tel. 133.

The new police auto was delivered
to the department today.

John H. Dowd, marble and granite
works, 52 Market street. It was, 17
for a good time go to the Elks' So-
cial, Monday, July 26th. Admission
35c.

The summer landlord is in hope that
he may fare more liberally during the
month of August.

Lobsters and fish of all kinds caught
by our own boats, fresh every day. B.
Jameson and Sons. Tel. 245.

Some changes are to be made in
the fire alarm whistle apparatus at
the Portsmouth Brewing Company.

Something doing for the old as well
as the young at the Elks' Social, Mon-
day, July 26th.

Partners are having all kinds of
trouble at the present time in trying
to harvest their hay crop, owing to
adversity weather.

Upholstering, hair mattresses reho-
vated. Margeson Brothers, Phone 570.

The Portsmouth Hospital is sadly in
need of old linens and persons having
some of the same are requested to no-
tify the superintendent by postal card
and it will be called for.

Oil stoves, hammocks, lawn swings,
baby carriages, refrigerators, at
Margeson Brothers.

The Salvation Army will have a
Rummage Sale next Monday
and Tuesday, July 26th and 27th. Some
good summer clothing will be sold.
Sale at 9 a. m.

The committee in charge of the Elks'
Social which is to be held Monday,
July 26th, is the same one that had
charge of the Elks' Barbecue. "Not
Set."

The juvenile circus of Fernald and
Mooney at Christian Shore is quite-
day and the boys made quite a hit
with the one ring performance and
street parade.

Auto, truck, furniture moving by
Margeson Brothers. Tel. 570.

An up-state newspaper bespeaks for
a Carnegie hero medal for six year old
Robert Stickle of this city, who
dragged the unconscious form of his
nearly-drowned six year old chum,
George Ricker into a boat and saved
the boy's life.

Boiled and live lobsters at Clark's
Branch.

Good music and whilst party under
the auspices of the Pythian Sisters at
their lawn party at the Sinclair Inn
this evening.

WOMEN'S VOTE IN SUFFRAGE STATES

In answer to the question, "Do women vote?" in very few cases is it possible to get exact figures for the reason that only in Illinois has separate registration been attempted. However, in the five states which last adopted complete suffrage the figures for the total vote at the election before suffrage was adopted and the gubernatorial election of 1914, show the following facts:

	Vote in 1912 When only men voted.	Vote in 1914 When both men and women voted.
Arizona	23,722	51,007
Kansas	365,444	530,206
Oregon	137,040	210,566
California	385,713*	926,689
Washington	176,141**	345,279

*Last California election in which men only voted in 1910.

**Last Washington election in which men only voted in 1908.

NEW SUPERINTENDENT HAS FINE RECORD IN SERVICE

Had Many Thrilling Experiences Since Beginning as a Surferman.

Captain Simon Ray Sands, the newly appointed superintendent of the First Coast Guard District, embracing the coasts of Maine and New Hampshire, was born at Block Island, R. I., in 1875. He succeeds the old veteran, Superintendent Silas H. Harding, retired, who will take charge of his office at Portsmouth, N. H., at once.

Captain Sands is a lineal descendant of James Sands, one of the sixteen original purchasers of Block Island. In 1661, son of Simon Ray and Tamer, Mott Sands. The Sands family were prominently identified with the early settlement and later development of Block Island.

In 1905 he married Miss Frances Elizabeth Perry, daughter of Charles E. and Gertrude Hazard Perry of Block Island, who also came from colonial stock, being a direct descendant of Edward Perry, who was born in Devonshire, England in 1630, and who later settled in Sandwich, Mass., Plymouth Colony. They have two children, Simon Ray Jr., and Virginia, aged nine and four respectively.

Captain Sands was born on the original Sands farm, a large part of which he still owns, and received his education in the common schools of Block Island, the South Kingston High School and Bryant and Stratton's Commercial College, Providence.

In early life he had an ambition to follow the sea, but was dissuaded from doing so by his father. After finishing his course at commercial college he obtained a position with an oil firm in Providence, and later with a hotel in Chattanooga, Tenn., as clerk and afterward steward. His early desire for the sea overcame him and he returned to Block Island and engaged in shore and trap fishing, later becoming purser of the mail steamer running between Block Island, Newport and Providence.

BY WHOSE HAND—An American drama in two parts, showing wherein a dead murderer is proven the real criminal, featuring Charles Bartlett and Winifred Greenwood.

THE SHOW DOWN—Featuring the new Helene-Majestic leading woman, Margie Wilson.

CROSSED LOVE AND SWORDS—Keystone comedy.

Coming Friday and Saturday—"The Coveted Heritage," a three-part Italian-Pathé drama, a story of KIDNEY.

IN BAD SHAPE

The granite paving on Islington street where the water line to Dover street reservoir was put in last year is in very bad shape and is no credit to the street department. The city has never been free from trouble with this paving between Dover street and the railroad crossing on Albany street ever since it was laid by the contractors. It has been ripped up over and over and then for underground work and now looks as if a small earthquake hit it.

THE WEATHER

Forecast for Portsmouth and Vicinity—Unsettled Wednesday, generally fair; Thursday fair; moderate temperatures; moderate northeast to north winds.

ALMANAC

(Standard Time)
Sun Rises..... 4:24
Sun Sets..... 7:16
Length of Day..... 14:52
High Tide..... 6:54 am, 7:20 pm
Moon Sets..... 11:49 pm
Light Automobile Lamps at..... 7:46 pm

COTTAGE for sale at Rollins Farm, excellent location, good shade trees, large lot. Inquire Everett L. Marston, 175 Madison street. Jul 19, 3c

DOWALIBY'S BARGAIN STORE

Our Goods Are the Best!
Our Prices Are the Lowest!
SPECIAL FOR ONE WEEK
Commencing Saturday,
July 17

\$2.25 Ladies' Dresses..... 98c
\$1.25 Ladies' Dresses..... 98c
98c Children's Dresses..... 88c
\$1.50 White Table Covers..... 98c
\$1.50 Quilts..... 98c
19c Towels, 20x40..... 10c
19c Scarves..... 10c

COME IN—JUST LOOK.

A. DOWALIBY & CO.

63 Market Street
(Up One Flight)

FOR SALE

Park Street

Five Room House in
excellent location. Price
\$900.

Holmes Court

Six Room House. Price
\$1000.

BUTLER & MARSHALL,

5 MARKET ST.

AUTHORITIES INVESTIGATING POISON CASE

Apparent Attempt at Wholesale Murder at South Hampton.

County Solicitor Albert R. Hatch and Sheriff Ceylon Spinsky are in South Hampton today investigating an attempt of wholesale poisoning in the town of South Hampton.

Shortly after six o'clock Tuesday morning William Charland, who with his family lives on the Albert Eaton place at South Hampton went to the well to get a bucket of water. Seeing a white powdery substance around the masonry at the top of the well he thought that it would be best to investigate, and within a few minutes found that the powder was Paris green. He at once telephoned to this city and notified the county authorities.

The poisoned well caused great excitement in the town of South Hampton and the inhabitants investigated every other well in the vicinity, but no further traces of Paris green were found.

Selectmen Frederick B. French, George W. Palmer and Guy Smith ordered an immediate investigation by the town constable.

No reason can be given for an attempt on the members of the Charland family who are greatly respected in the town. The county authorities are endeavoring to ascertain where the poison was bought.

ANOTHER VICTIM

A Newburyport, Mass., man had his pocket picked of \$30 on his way from Boston to Concord on the train leaving the former city at 1 p. m. on Tuesday, and the suspicion is that a man who occupied a seat beside him did the trick.

ICE CREAM MADE THE RIGHT WAY WITH A

WHITE MOUNTAIN FREEZER

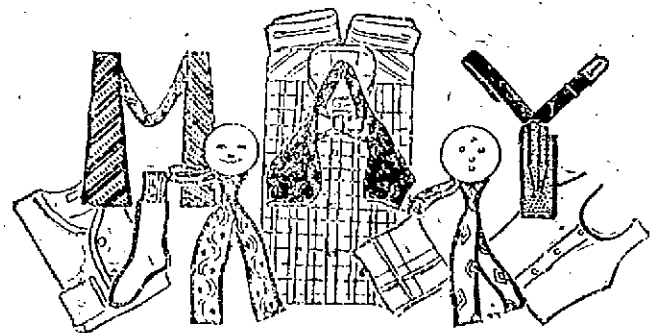
IS EASIER TO MAKE THAN PUDDING OR PIE. PURCHASE THE GENUINE FROM

Pryor-Davis Co.,

AT THE OLD STORE

CORNER OF MARKET AND LADD STREETS

Telephone 508.



Here's everything in summer loggery that makes for comfort and smartness combined. The newest and most stylish summer shirts in madras, soisette, mercerized and silk cloths; "Cravatdon's" choicest novelties; pajamas in the sheerest of fabrics; gauze-like and silk hose of the celebrated "Onyx" brand; all kinds of reasonable underwear in both one-piece and two-piece suits.

Henry Peyser & Son

"Selling the Togs of the Period."

66 YEARS

Of Honest Piano Building

Enables the Purchaser of Every

Emerson Piano

to rest secure in the knowledge that he owns an instrument of proved and acknowledged value and the utmost reliability. Don't overlook the beautiful EMERSON when you think of buying that new piano. Sold on easy terms at

MONTGOMERY'S

Opp. P. O., Portsmouth.

Local and Long Distance Moving By Auto Truck

Prompt Service and Reasonable Rates.
WOOD BROTHERS

Phones: 577 and 393.

17 Daniel Street.

PORTSMOUTH THEATRE

THE SHOW THAT ALL THEATRES TRY TO IMITATE

With the Photo Plays that have placed
Portsmouth on the Motion Picture Map
Is the Real Cause for the Success of
Portsmouth's Popular Vaudeville Theatre

THE BILL FOR MONDAY, JULY 19, IS A "CORKER"

"CALIFORNIA" is the title of the comedy sketch with music and eight people that will occupy the headline position for three days, starting Monday. This act has played all the big Keith time, and is a novelty entirely different from the average so-called comedy musical acts. In addition to the eight people there is a performing Jackass.

The next on the bill is "POWDER AND CAMPON." This is not an ordinary act, but an act of merit, up-to-the-minute in songs, clever sayings, and dancing. Two men.

LOUIS PIOTTI, single, and one of the best known singers in vaudeville, and in fact the highest priced artist that has been seen on the local boards this season. You will talk about this singer after you hear him.